

SEMI ANNUAL REPORT (FINANCIAL STATEMENTS)

AS PER JUNE 30, 2019

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General Information

Business Address of the Fund

Aescap2.0

Gustav Mahlerplein 3, 26th floor, Financial Offices 1082 MS Amsterdam The Netherlands www.aescap.com E-mail: info@priviumfund.com

Fund Manager

Privium Fund Management B.V. Gustav Mahlerplein 3, 26th floor, Financial Offices 1082 MS Amsterdam The Netherlands $\hbox{E-mail: info@priviumfund.com}$

Legal Owner

Stichting Aescap 2.0

Hoogoorddreef 15 1101 BA AMSTERDAM The Netherlands www.iqeq.com

Administrator

IQ EQ Financial Services B.V.

Hoogoorddreef 15 1101 BA AMSTERDAM The Netherlands www.igeg.com

Independent auditor

Mazars Accountants N.V.

Delflandlaan 1 1062 EA Amsterdam The Netherlands

Custodian

Binck Bank N.V.

Barbara Strozzilaan 310 1083 HN AMSTERDAM The Netherlands

Depositary

Darwin Depositary Services B.V.

Barbara Strozzilaan 101 1083 HN Amsterdam

E-mail: info@darwindepositary.com

Legal Warendorf

Koningslaan 42 1075 AE Amsterdam The Netherlands

Financial regulatory Finnius Jollemanhof 20A 1019 GW Amsterdam The Netherlands

Aescap 2.0

Overview (Key figures) Aescap2.0

	30-06-19	31-12-18	31-12-17
Number of Outstanding Units			
Aescap2.0 Fund management Aescap2.0 Investors	9,158.8665 44,522.8185	9,137.7023 36,133.6551	7,085.3465 19,431.2623
Aescap2.0 Investors 01–11–2017	44,322.8183	30,133.0331	84.0062
Aescap2.0 Investors 01–11–2017 Aescap2.0 Investors 01–12–2017	_	_	3,319.4737
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2018	_	658.0455	-
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-12-2018	_	2,001.6451	-
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-05-2019	492.5786	_	-
Aescap2.0 Investors 15-05-2019	648.8665	-	-
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-06-2019	2,361.5389	-	-
Aescap2.0 Investors 15-06-2019	832.3951	-	-
Aescap2.0 Investors 10M+	8,253.4703	6,876.7543	-
Net Asset Value per Unit (€)			
Aescap2.0 Fund management	2,373.9370	2,104.7655	1,283.4951
Aescap2.0 Investors	1,921.5727	1,725.0062	1,174.4191
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2017	-	-	1,174.4190
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-12-2017	-	1 702 5020	1,174.4191
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2018	-	1,702.5930 1,725.0062	_
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-12-2018 Aescap2.0 Investors 01-05-2019	- 1,920.5472	1,723.0062	_
Aescap2.0 Investors 15-05-2019	1,914.0441		
Aescap2.0 Investors 01–06–2019	1,912.1262	_	_
Aescap2.0 Investors 15-06-2019	1,919.2883	_	_
Aescap2.0 Investors 10M+	1,932.8552	1,733.2246	-
Total Net Asset Value (x € 1,000)	131,550,313	98,055,693	35,911,566
Return on Investment per Unit (%) – Main Series			
Investment Result Aescap2.0 Fund management (%)	12.79%	63.99%	28.35%
Investment Result Aescap2.0 Investors (%)	11.40%	46.88%	17.44%
Investment Result Aescap2.0 Investors 10M+ (%)	11.52%	6.92%	-
Result per Unit (€) * / ***			
Income from Investments	0.55	0.57	3.86
Capital Gains/Losses	196.96	579.41	169.58
Expenses	(22.44)	(131.71)	(58.50)
Total Investment Result	175.07	448.27	114.94
Ongoing Cost Figure (OCF) - annual basis - ** / ***			
OCF (Performance Fee excluded (%))	1.64%	1.61%	1.77%
OCF (Performance Fee included) (%))	2.60%	13.21%	5.45%

^{*)} based on the total number of outstanding Units as per year end.
**) the OCF figures are valid for the Aescap Investors Unit Class (Lead Series), whereas the fund management shares do not have management fee charged.
***) 2016 / 2017 figures are valid for the period equalizing the extended bookyear March 2016 – December 2017 (21 month period), the figure on an annual basis has been calculaed by dividing the reporting period figure by 21 and having multiplied this figure by 12.

Profile & Structure

Start of the Fund

Aescap 2.0 ("the Fund") started activities as per March 28, 2016. The Fund has been established for an indefinite period of time.

Legal Form

The Fund is a fund for joint account (in Dutch: een fonds voor gemene rekening). It does not have a legal personality. It is formed by and comprises a contractual arrangement governed by the terms of the Prospectus between the Fund Manager, the Legal Owner and each Unit Holder. Under this arrangement the Fund Manager is mandated to invest the contributions of the Unit Holders of the Fund for their collective risk and account in securities, which are safeguarded by the Legal Owner on behalf of the Unit Holders, in accordance with the Prospectus for the purpose of enabling the Unit Holders to share in the revenue from the investments in securities. The Unit Holders are proportionally matched with the number of Units owned, and they are jointly entitled to the Fund Assets. The contractual agreement between the Fund Manager, the Legal Owner and each of the Unit Holders does not constitute a partnership or limited partnership and does not create any other agreement between the Unit Holders. The obligation of a Unit Holder to pay the subscription price for a Unit is only an obligation towards the Legal Owner. The Units only constitute rights and obligations of the Unit Holders with respect to the Fund Manager and the Legal Owner and not to other Unit Holders.

Limited Transferability

The Fund has a private character, i.e. Units may only be transferred to the Fund upon a redemption. However, Units may be transferred to persons that are next of kin or direct in law of a Unit Holder. Units may not be pledged or otherwise encumbered.

Open End

Except in certain exceptional circumstances, the Fund is obliged to issue or to redeem Units on a Transaction Day at their Net Asset Value, minus the subscription or redemption fee.

Not listed

The Fund is not listed on any stock exchange.

Net Asset Value

The Net Asset Value is calculated at least twice a month by the Administrator, as is described in section 13 of the Prospectus ("Determination of Net Asset Value ").

Minimum subscription amount

The minimum amount for participation is \in 500,000, although the Fund Manager at its discretion can make an exception and lower the minimum to \in 101,000 (including the 1% subscription fee). This is for the Aescap 2.0 Investors Unit Class only. At the time of the inception of the Fund, Units with a Net Asset Value of \in 1,000 have been issued as part of the Initial Series.

Request for issue or redemption

Requests for the issue or redemption of Units may be made to the Administrator by means of the forms provided for this purpose on the Website. The Administrator will inform the Fund Manager. The Fund Manager is not obliged to honor a request for an issue or redemption of Units. (See Section 14, "Subscription", and Section 15, "Redemption" of the Prospectus.)

Tax Position of Fund

Due to the limited transferability of the Units of the Fund, the Fund qualifies as a tax transparent fund for joint account for Dutch income tax purposes. Consequently, the Fund is not subject to Dutch (corporate) income tax.

Distribution policy

The dividends and interest received by the Fund, as well as possible capital gains, will not be distributed but will be re-invested, unless distribution would be deemed appropriate by the Fund Manager in connection with the regulatory status of the Fund Manager. Any distribution will take place on a pro rata basis.

Regulatory considerations

License

The Fund Manager is in possession of an AFM license as referred to in article 2:65(a) FSA, and as a consequence (and subject to compliance with the other requirements applicable pursuant to the FSA) may offer the Fund to professional and non-professional investors within the Netherlands.

The AFM license of the Fund Manager has been issued prior to the implementation of the AIFM Directive in the Netherlands, and was automatically converted into an AIFM Directive license by the AFM on 22 July 2014, in accordance with the Netherlands AIFM Directive implementation schedule.

Supervision

The Fund Manager operates under the supervision of the AFM and DNB as foreseen in the applicable provisions of the FSA. For the sake of an adequate functioning of the financial markets and the position of investors, investment funds have to comply with demands with regard to professionalism and reliability of its managers, financial safeguards, (operational) management and the providing of information to Unit Holders, the public and the supervisors.

For "regulatory changes" we refer to page 42, section 21 of the Prospectus.

Investment Proposition

The Market Opportunity

Aescap2.0 ('the Fund') invests in publicly listed biotech / life sciences companies. It invests in highly innovative companies that develop and market new medicines and to a lesser extent diagnostics and/or medical devices.

The life sciences market is a large and fast-growing market where breakthrough innovations can be exploited in a global and profitable manner. The substantial growth of the life sciences market is driven by:

- 1: A longer life expectancy (especially in the emerging markets) as well as an ageing population which are driving demand for improved and cost-effective medicine, diagnostics and medical devices;
- 2: A high unmet medical need for diseases such as Alzheimer, Arthrosis, Diabetes, MS, Obesity, Oncology, Parkinson and many other such as infectious diseases;
- 3: Approximately 6,000 rare diseases with no treatment available at all today.

The rapidly growing healthcare costs, almost everywhere in the world, are increasing the demand for biotech / life sciences innovations. A good example of such an approach is the concept of precision medicine. The concept of precision medicine is based on the fact that people respond differently to the same treatment. Based on gene profiling and biomarker data a patient can be given the right treatment from the start, instead of following a trial and error approach as still often is the case in the treatment of cancer. And the development of precision medicine has only just started.

The sector the Fund is active in is known for its attractive premiums in case of takeovers. The large cash buffers of the bigger pharma / biotech companies create the potential for many future acquisitions of smaller biotech companies.

The number of publicly listed biotech / life sciences companies the Fund can select from is over 750 in the EU and the US together.

Investment Policy

The Fund aims to gain value by investing in publicly traded shares of (i) biopharmaceutical companies and potentially also (ii) diagnostics and/or medical device companies. It will typically invest in companies with the potential to (more than) double their share price over a period of maximum 4–5 years. Given the particular innovation power in biotech in Western Europe and North America, most investments will be made in these geographical areas. The Fund may also invest in warrants of such companies. These warrants give the right, but not the obligation, to purchase shares of a company against a predetermined share price before a specific date.

Often these warrants are received as part of an equity issue by a company.

The Fund has a focused portfolio, investing in approximately 18 companies. Within this focus it will ensure that the portfolio is diversified over different diseases, development phases and geographical areas.

Investment objective

The Fund's objective is to make an average minimum annual net return (after deduction of costs) of 20%+ over the mid-term (4-5 years).

Investment Discipline

The Fund aims to select those publicly listed biotech / life sciences companies which are undervalued based on their growth potential. The value creation in which it aims to invest is typically based on:

- a significant potential growth in revenues/profit;
- the achievement of clinical study milestones; and/or
- the closing of a partnership or similar deal with a larger biotech / life sciences company in the field, one that most likely already has a sales force active in the disease area the licensing deal is representing.

The companies the Fund will invest in are typically acquisition targets for biopharmaceutical multinationals, which are known for their constant hunger to fill their pipelines.

Investment decisions are based on fundamental company analyses of the company's technology and/or products, product development risks, market entrée barriers, competition, financials and the expected market development as well as ethical behavior of the company. But maybe even more important by making serious efforts to understand the strengths and weaknesses of management and their view on the future of the company and the markets they serve.

The Fund may, if the Fund Manager has a good reason to do so, hold a substantial percentage of the Fund in cash. It can make limited use (no more than 10% of the Net Asset Value) of borrowed money:

- · to bridge temporary liquidity shortages;
- to make use of one or more investment opportunities in anticipation of new subscription orders coming into the Fund from Unit Holders.

Risk control

The portfolio of companies of the Fund is expected to consist of a limited number of approximately 18 companies. It is this 'cherry picking' from a basket of over 600 publicly listed companies in this sector which should drive the outperformance of the different biotech indexes / trackers. In order to reduce the risks of investing in this sector the Fund will diversify its portfolio over several disease areas, different phases of product development as well as geographical areas.

Risk Profile

Investing in biotech companies involves a high degree of risk and prices of the securities of such companies, especially of companies with a small market cap, may be volatile. Furthermore, there is concentration risk because of the biotech focus and a relatively small portfolio of approximately 18 companies. Investments are also often made in a foreign currency like the US dollar and foreign currency exposures are not hedged back to the Euro, the base currency of the Fund. Please find below an overview of all risk factors in relation to (an investment in) the Fund.

For investment criteria and investment restrictions as well as the Fund characteristics and investor profile more in detail we refer to section 4 of the Prospectus.

Most important risks and uncertainties

A Unit Holder cannot lose more than the amount he invested in the Fund.

The most important risks, which must be considered that are common with an investment fund of this nature, involved in investing in the Fund

Volatility risk

There are financial risks involved with investing in Units of the Fund. Unit Holders have to realize that the stock market value of underlying investments of the Fund may significantly fluctuate, especially in the biotech / life sciences market where governmental regulations and/or technology risks can have a significant impact on a company's value. As a result of fluctuations of the biotech / life sciences stock markets, the Net Asset Value of the Fund may also fluctuate, which means that it is possible that Unit Holders, when redeeming, may not receive the full amount invested in the Fund.

Market risk

Markets may rise and fall and the prices of financial instruments and other assets on the financial markets in general, and more specifically the prices of assets of the nature and type the Fund may invest in and hold, can rise and fall. A careful selection and spread of investments does not provide any guarantee of positive results. In the biotech / life sciences market governmental measures related to medicine approvals and pricing as well as technology risks can have a large impact on the value of one single company or the market as a whole.

Currency risk

The Fund does not hedge currency positions. Investments other than in Euros can therefore cause fluctuations, positive as well as negative, in the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

Risk that investments do not develop as expected

The Fund aims for an average yearly mid-term minimum net return of 20% per annum, after deduction of all costs. There is however no guarantee that this return will be achieved. Moreover, no guarantee can be given that the analyses of the Fund Manager concerning the expected development of the portfolio of companies are correct.

Limited Operating History

The Fund has been established in the first quarter of 2016 and there is limited operating history to evaluate the future performance of the Fund.

Risks related to the sector the Fund invests in

The sector the Fund is investing in comes with certain specific risks such as:

- $\ Potential \ weakening \ of \ the \ patent \ protection \ environment \ in \ one \ or \ more \ jurisdictions;$
- Financing risk, given the fact that many biotech companies are loss making and therefore are in need of further financing to develop their products;
- Major technology breakthroughs outside of the Fund's portfolio;
- $\ Legal \ or \ regulatory \ developments \ influencing \ the \ life \ sciences \ industry \ and/or \ the \ investments \ made \ by \ the \ Fund;$
- Changes in projections by securities analysts of a company;
- Biotech stock market fluctuations.

Risks of a general economic and political nature

Investments made by the Fund are subject to general economic risks, for instance, reduced economic activity, rising interest rates, inflation and rising prices of commodities. The value of the Fund can also be influenced by political developments, wars and other global trends and events.

Concentration risk

Because of the limitation of investments to approximately 18 different companies, there may be stronger fluctuations in the Net Asset Value of the Fund in case one or more particular investments by the Fund would decrease in value, than it would normally be the case if the investments were more spread. As a result of the strategy of the Fund, the returns of the Fund can deviate significantly from the returns of a world equity index. As a consequence thereof, specific risks arise that are reflected in differences in performance between the Fund and the global equity indices, positively and negatively.

Systemic risk

Certain events in the world or certain activities from one or more important parties in the financial markets can lead to a disturbance in the normal functioning of the financial markets. As a result of this, substantial losses may arise, caused by liquidity and counterparty risks following from such a disturbance.

Inflation risk

There may be a risk that the purchasing power of the amount invested by the Unit Holder in the Fund decreases as a result of inflation.

Risk of limited redemption

Units can only be transferred to the Fund (except for transfers to persons that are next of kin or direct in law of a Unit Holder). The Fund is in principle obliged to purchase Units twice a month, on a Transaction Day. Under certain circumstances the Fund Manager is authorized to delay redemption or honor redemption requests only partially (see Section 15 of the Prospectus: "Redemption"). In those cases the Unit Holder is not able to redeem, or redeem only partially, its Units. This may (also) have a negative effect on the price of the Units.

Indemnification risk

The Fund Manager and the Legal Owner are entitled to be indemnified out of the Fund Assets against costs, losses and expenses which they may incur or become liable in connection with the execution of their duties. In addition, the Depositary, the Administrator and other service providers also are entitled to an indemnity under the terms of their respective agreements for the services they provide. These obligations could require substantial indemnification payments out of the Fund Assets, provided however that the Depositary shall not be so indemnified with respect to any matter resulting from its negligent or intentional failure to properly fulfil its obligations in accordance with article 21(12) of the AIFM Directive, and no other person shall be so indemnified with respect to any matter resulting from its attributable breach (toerekenbare tekortkoming in de nakoming).

Counterparty risk

There is a risk that an issuer of securities or a counter party is not able to fulfil its obligations. The Fund Manager will limit this risk by doing business with well-established parties.

Liauidity risk

If, due to unforeseen circumstances, normal liquidity conditions do not apply, the Fund could face liquidity risk. This could imply that financial instruments cannot be sold or bought under normal market conditions, leading to significant direct and indirect transaction costs. It may also mean that positions cannot be sold at the anticipated price as established and deemed to be the fair value at the date of deciding to liquidate/sell those positions. This may have a negative effect on the Net Asset Value of a Unit.

Settlement risk

This is the risk that settlement through a payment system does not take place as expected, because the payment or delivery of the financial instruments by a counter party does not take place, or does not take place on time, or is not as expected.

Risk of change in (fiscal) laws

This is the risk that fiscal legislation changes or that new legislation comes into force that negatively affects the fiscal treatment of Fund or its Unit Holders.

Key man risk

Patrick Krol has been assigned by the Fund Manager as Portfolio Manager of the Fund. Unit Holders are exposed to the risk that Patrick Krol ceases to be involved with the Fund Manager.

Regulatory supervision and compliance risk

The regulatory environment for alternative investment funds, like the Fund, has been changed drastically with the introduction of the AIFM Directive. The regulatory rules keep evolving and changes therein may adversely affect the functioning of the Fund and/or the Fund Manager's ability to pursue the investment policy for the Fund.

Unclear rules and regulations may result in a breach of law, which may result in fines or regulatory enforcements against the Fund Manager by supervisory authorities (like the AFM and DNB). Moreover, the Fund Manager may fail to comply with applicable laws, rules and regulations, internal standards and rules of conduct. This may damage the reputation of the Fund Manager and may have a negative effect on the Net Asset Value.

Operational risk

There is a risk that the internal processes, people and systems of the Fund Manager fail, which may have a negative effect on the business continuity of the Fund Manager and its ability to pursue the investment policy.

Legal Owner

The Legal Owner of the Fund is Stichting Aescap 2.0, having its office at Hoogoorddreef 15, 1101 BA Amsterdam. The Legal Owner is a foundation established under the laws of The Netherlands on 17 August 2011 in Amsterdam, which is registered in the Trade Register at the Chamber of Commerce in Amsterdam under number 65423046. The Legal Owner's statutory purpose is to act solely as Legal Title holder of the Fund and to conduct no other business.

The most important task and power of the Legal Owner is to act as legal owner of the Fund Assets and incur and/or assume the Fund Obligations on behalf and for the account and risk of the Unit Holders.

Fund Manager

The Fund will be managed by Privium Fund Management B.V. as Alternative Investment Fund Manager of the Fund. The Fund Manager is responsible for the entire management of the Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Fund Documents and applicable laws. The Fund Manager is also responsible for maintaining records and furnishing or causing to be furnished all required records or other information of the Fund to the extent such records, reports and other information are not maintained or furnished by the Administrator, the Legal Owner, the Depositary or other service providers.

Privium Fund Management B.V. is a private limited liability company (besloten vennootschap met beperkte aansprakelijkheid) incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands having its official seat (zetel) in Amsterdam, the Netherlands and its principal offices at Symphony Towers 26/F, Gustav Mahlerplein 3, 1082 MS Amsterdam, the Netherlands. The Fund Manager is registered in the Dutch trade register (handelsregister) under file number 34268930.

The Fund Manager performs its services in accordance with the Prospectus. Pursuant to the Prospectus the Fund Manager has the full and exclusive power, discretion and authority to invest and manage the assets of the Fund.

The statutory management board (bestuur) of the Fund Manager consists of Mr C.H.A. Heijman and Mr M. Baak who are the (daily) policy makers of the Fund Manager.

The Fund Manager holds an AIFM license issued by the AFM within the meaning of article 2:65(a) FSA and is subject to conduct of business and prudential supervision by the AFM and DNB respectively.

The most important tasks and powers of the Fund Manager are the following:

- · to determine and execute the investment policy of the Fund;
- · to check the administration of the Fund executed by the Administrator;
- · to see the Administrator determines the Net Asset Value for the Fund and for each Unit Class and Series correctly and on time;
- to ensure that the Fund complies with the relevant regulations and reporting obligations;
- · to ensure that the Fund complies with the defined risk management framework as further described briefly below;
- generally to observe the interests of the Unit Holders in accordance with the Prospectus.

For details relating to delegation of Fund Manager's duties, resignation and removal of the Fund Manager, liability of the Fund Manager and Indemnification as well as other Funds managed by the Fund Manager we refer to section 6 of the Prospectus.

The Porfolio Manager

The portfolio of the Fund is managed by Mr. Patrick J.H. Krol who is supported by several analysts. Additionally, advisors and industry/medical experts may be used. The advisors and industry/medical experts will not provide any investment advice for which an investment advisory license is needed but may be asked to provide their knowledge on a certain disease, medicine, market segment, etc. The advisors or industry/medical experts will not make any investment decisions either.

Patrick Johan Hendrik Krol (1963), Founder and Portfolio Manager

Patrick Krol is a biotech investment and business development specialist. Patrick joined biotech venture capital fund Aescap 1 as an Investment Partner at its start in 2005 and in 2009 became the fund's Managing Partner. In 2015 he took over the Aescap name to launch Aescap2.0, a fund for joint account investing in public biotech companies based on Patrick's successful track record as a private investor in public biotech. From 1995 to 2005, Patrick guided over 35 public pharma and biotech companies to successfully launch or grow their products. As a Founder and Managing Director at consultancy company Firm United Healthcare from 1997 to 2004, Patrick was responsible for growing the company to become a market leader. During this period, he also co-founded Interactive Healthcare and the Healthcare Management School. In 2004 he sold his share in all three companies to become a biotech investment professional. Since 2004 he has gained experience on board level in the life sciences sector as the chairman of the supervisory boards of i-Optics B.V. and to-BBB technologies B.V. and as a Non-Executive Director of Aquapharm Biodiscovery Ltd, EasyScan Holding BV, Cassini Holding BV, and Shire International Licensing BV (a subsidiary of top-20 biopharma company Shire Plc), and as a supervisory director of F-star GmbH, F-Star Alpha Ltd, F-Star Beta Ltd, F-Star Gamma Ltd, F-Star Delta Ltd and Orphazyme Aps. In 2003, he became a visiting teacher of the business school of the University of Wageningen teaching 'Strategy in the pharmaceutical Industry'. He published several articles on biopharma marketing and communications strategy and has been a speaker and moderator at life sciences seminars and congresses. Patrick studied physical therapy followed by business economics and later in his career concluded an M.B.A. in Executive Management and Consultancy at LMS.

Kev Persor

Patrick Krol will be the Key Person of the Fund and a Key Person Event means the situation occurring when the Key Person ceases to be actively involved in the business and affairs of the Fund as a Portfolio Manager. The Fund Manager shall without delay give notice to the Investor Advisory Committee and the Unit Holders of the occurrence of a Key Persons Event. In case of a Key Person Event the Investor Advisory Committee, in consultation with the Fund Manager and the Legal Owner, will decide on how to continue with the Fund.

Administrator

IQ EQ Financial Services B.V. established in Amsterdam, The Netherlands, has been appointed as the administrator.

The most important tasks of the Administrator, under responsibility of the Fund Manager, are:

- · conducting the financial and investment administration of the Fund;
- · calculating the Net Asset Value of the Fund and for each Unit Class and Series; and
- · keeping the register of Unit Holders of the Fund.

Depositary

Darwin Depositary Services B.V. established in Amsterdam, The Netherlands, has been appointed as the depositary.

The most important tasks of the Depositary are:

- · safekeeping of financial instruments in which the Fund has invested;
- \cdot ensuring that the Fund Manager acts in accordance with the Investment Policy; and
- · monitoring of cash flows in respect of the Fund and ensuring that issue and redemption of Units and determination of the Net Asset Value is performed correctly.

The actual safekeeping of the financial instruments in which the Fund has invested is delegated to the Custodian. The depositary has assigned BinckBank N.V. as Custodian.

Depositary agreement

The Fund Manager and Depositary have concluded an agreement (the 'Depositary Agreement') setting out the duties of the Depositary and what the Fund Manager must do to enable the Depositary to perform those duties duly.

Unit Holders

The Unit Holders are jointly economically entitled (each proportionally, taking into account the Series they form part of, according to the number of Units owned) to the net assets of the Fund. The combined assets of the Unit Holders invested in the Fund are intended for collective investment and for their own account and risk. (See Section 12 of the Prospectus, "Unit Holders").

Contractual arrangement between Unit Holders, Fund Manager and Legal Owner

The Fund being the contractual arrangement between Unit Holders, the Fund Manager and the Legal Owner is governed by the Prospectus.

General

Alternative Investment Fund Manager - Privium Fund Management B.V.

Privium Fund Management B.V. is the Alternative Investment Fund Manager (AIFM) of the Aescap2.0. Privium Fund Management B.V. is authorized and regulated by the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (www.afm.nl) as an Alternative Investment Fund Manager (AIFM). Both Privium Fund Management and the Aescap2.0 are registered in the register of the AFM.

Voting policy

In the event the Fund or the Fund Manager on behalf of the Fund shall decide to exercise the voting rights attached to the shares or interests of the companies invested in by the Fund, it will do so by taking into account the investment objective of the Fund and the interests of the investors.

Amsterdam, 19 August 2019

Privium Fund Management B.V.

Risk management

Privium Fund Management B.V. has a clear and elaborate Risk Management framework, in line with current legislation, such as the Alternative Investment Fund Manager Directive (AIFMD). The Risk Management function within Privium is performed by an independent Risk Manager. Privium has a Risk Management Committee which meets at least on a monthly basis.

The Risk Management framework consists of several individual components, whereby Risk Monitoring is being performed on an ongoing basis.

Under the AIFM Directive, the Fund Manager is required to establish and maintain a permanent risk management function. This function should have a primary role in shaping the risk policy of each Alternative Investment Fund ("AIF") under management by the Fund Manager, risk monitoring and risk measuring in order to ensure that the risk level complies on an ongoing basis with the AIF's risk profile.

The risk management function performs the following roles:

- Implement effective risk management policies and procedures in order to identify, measure, manage and monitor risks;
- Ensure that the risk profile of an AIF is consistent with the risk limits set for the AIF;
- Monitor compliance with risk limits; and
- Provide regular updates to senior management concerning:
- 1: The consistency of stated profile versus risk limits;
- 2: The adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management process; and
- 3: The current level of risk of each AIF and any actual or foreseeable breaches of risk limits.

As described by the AIFM Directive quantitative risk limits are, where possible, constructed for various risk categories: market risk, liquidity risk, credit risk, counterparty risk and operational risk. These risk limits should be in agreement with the risk profile of the fund.

The risk management function is fully independent from the portfolio management function of the Fund Manager. The risk manager has full authority to close positions or the authorization to instruct the closing of positions on his behalf in case of a risk breach.

To ensure that all risk management tasks are executed correctly and timely, the Fund Manager uses an automated system that registers all risk tasks, keeps a list of all pending risk tasks, and escalates risk tasks that have not been executed or report a violation of a risk rule. The system produces an audit log that can be verified by the internal auditor, the external auditor, the management board, the regulator or other stake holders. Not all risk variables have limits but to identify any new relevant risks, every variable that is reported in the system flows through a sanity check. The sanity check will raise an exception if the variable falls outside its "normal" boundaries. The Risk Manager is notified of these exceptions and will make an assessment whether the situation is stable or whether further escalation is needed.

The positions of the fund are administered and reconciled by using a professional portfolio management system. Risk reports such as Value at Risk and Stress Scenarios are run using Bloomberg.

The Fund Manager uses an API-based system in which positions and/or risk exposures are synced from the Portfolio Manager's Excel (or alternative software) to a central database.

The CM system is responsible for monitoring of the pre-defined risk limits. The limits can either be configured as notification limits, soft limits or hard limits. In case of a breach of any of the limits, the escalation procedures are followed as described in the Risk Management Procedures (Annex 17) of the Privium Handbook.

The reoccurring risk tasks are:

- Weekly risk report by risk management, including Value at Risk.
- Monthly reporting by portfolio management
- Quarterly Operational risk management
- Monthly stress scenarios. On ad hoc basis extra stress scenarios can be done.
- Due Diligence on Service Providers.

On a monthly basis the Risk Committee of the Fund Manager meets to discuss the performances and risks of the Fund. Any breaches are discussed. On a yearly basis a Risk Evaluation and Product Review is conducted.

In 2016 Privium's senior management team decided to engage an external party in the annual evaluation of the internal processes. This audit primarily focusses on risk management and compliance processes. In Q4 2018 this audit was executed for third time and the findings were reported to Privium's management. The audit did not demonstrate any material deviations.

Financial Statements

Semi Annual Report as per June 30, 2019

Aescap 2.0

Balance Sheet as per June 30, 2019 (before profit appropriation)

		30-06-19		31-12-18	
	Notes	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Investments Securities	4	130,291,812		99,362,502	
securities	4	130,291,612		99,302,302	
	-		130,291,812		99,362,502
Receivables and current assets					
Cash at Banks Other assets	5 6	2,920,286 45,336		1,923,308	
Other assets	6	45,556		26,210	
	-		2,965,622		1,949,518
Total Long Term and Current Assets			133,257,434		101,312,020
Current Liabilities (Due within One Year)					
Payables to the Fund Manager	7	161,710		98,997	
Payables for administration- and legal ownerfees	7	9,498		16,614	
Payables to Unit Holders Other payables	7 7	1,526,000 9,913		3,127,011 13,705	
Total Current Liabilities	-		1,707,121	_	3,256,327
Total of Receivables and Other Assets					
Less Current Liabilities			1,258,501		(1,306,809)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			131,550,313		98,055,693
Investoral advite.					
Investors' equity Issued capital	8.1		91,940,965		70,048,343
Other reserve	8.2		27,981,140		3,417,690
Legal reserve	8.3		45,336		26,210
Undistributed result current year	8.4		11,582,872		24,563,450
TOTAL INVESTORS' EQUITY			131,550,313		98,055,693

Profit & Loss Account for the period January 1, 2019 – June 30, 2019

	01-01-19 /		/ 30-06-19	01-01-18 / 30-06-18	
	Notes	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Direct Income from Investments					
Dividends	9.1	33,012		12,901	
Interest Income	9.2	(3,073)		22	
	-		29,939		12,923
Indirect Income from investments					
Unrealised Price Gains/Losses on Investments	10.1	8,789,975		8,009,430	
Unrealised Currency Gains/Losses on Investments Realised Price Gains/Losses on Investments	10.2	(172,731)		718,758	
Realised Currency Gains/Losses on Investments	10.2	4,129,049 264,679		4,542,381 (199,587)	
	_		12.010.072		12.070.002
			13,010,972		13,070,982
Other Income					
Exchange Differences on Cash (including FX)		41,644		80,287	
Subscription and redemption fees	9.3	6,783		1,181	
	_		48,427	_	81,468
				-	
Total income			13,089,338		13,165,373
Expenses					
Management Fee	11.1	714,999		284,515	
Performance Fee	11.1	688,234		1,413,395	
Administration Fee Audit Fee	11.2 11.2	35,648 11,277		15,211 7,260	
Legal Owner Manager Fee	11.2	13,487		6,162	
Other Expenses	11.2	17,121		-	
	_		(1,480,766)		(1,726,543)
Depreciation					
•	6	C 574		2 200	
Amortization of intangible fixed assets	ь	6,574		3,280	
			(6,574)	<u>.</u>	(3,280)
Total expenses			(1,487,340)	-	(1,729,823)
•				-	
NET PROFIT FOR THE BOOKYEAR			11,601,998	=	11,435,550
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			11,601,998	-	11,435,550
CO ILLIEROITE INCOME			11,001,330	=	,

Statement of Cash Flows for the period January 1, 2019 – June 30, 2019

	01-01-19	/ 30-06-19	01-01-18 /	30-06-18
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Cash Flow from Investing Activities				
Total Investment Result Realised Price and Currency Results Unrealised Price and Currency Results Amortization of intangible fixed assets Purchase of Investments Sales of Investments Change in Short Term Receivables Change in Current Liabilities	(4,435,372) (8,617,244) (19,126) (54,011,623) 36,093,285 - (1,549,206)	11,601,998	(4,423,081) (8,728,188) 3,280 (50,582,294) 27,191,925 - 4,628,369	11,435,550
Change in Current Liabilities	(1,349,200)	(32,539,286)	4,026,309	(31,909,989)
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities		(20,937,288)		(20,474,439)
Cash Flow from Financing Activities				
Subscriptions Redemptions	25,384,942 (3,492,320)		25,010,234 (7,518,231)	
Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities		21,892,622		17,492,003
Net Cash Flow		955,334		(2,982,436)
Exchange Differences on Cash		41,644		80,287
Change in Cash at banks		996,978		(2,902,149)
Change in Cash at banks				
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Start of the reporting perio	d	1,923,308		7,205,690
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the reporting period	I	2,920,286		4,303,541
Change in Cash at banks		996,978		(2,902,149)

Notes

1. General

The Fund is a mutual Fund ("fonds voor gemene rekening") under the laws of the Netherlands. It does not have legal personality.

The Fund's financial year runs from January 1 up to and including December 31. The financial statements will be made up in accordance with Title 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. The financial statements are reported in Euros and are published within four (4) months after the end of the financial year. The financial statements consists of a report from the Fund Manager together with the annual accounts. The annual accounts consist of the balance sheet, the profit and loss account and the explanation thereof. The explanation will include at least an overview of the evolution of the Fund's value over the financial year and the composition of the investments of the Fund at the end of the financial year concerned. The annual accounts are audited by Mazars N.V., whereas these semi annual accounts did not have had an audit by the independent auditor. The financial statements shall be made available to the Unit Holders via email.

The Fund started its activities as per March 28, 2016.

Tax Position of the Fund

Corporate income tax

The Fund is tax transparent for Dutch corporate tax purposes, as a consequence of which the Fund is not subject to Dutch corporate income tax. From a Dutch tax perspective, the returns on the investments received by the Fund directly influence the tax position of the Unit Holder.

Withholding taxes

Distributions by the Fund are not subject to Dutch dividend withholding tax as a consequence of its transparency for tax purposes. Due to its transparency, the Fund itself is not entitled to any credit or refund of Dutch dividend withholding tax or (non-reclaimable) foreign withholding taxes withheld on dividends and interest received, nor can the Fund claim any benefits under a tax treaty concluded by the Netherlands with other states

The tax transparency of the Fund also implies that any dividend withholding tax and foreign withholding taxes withheld on its investments are allocated to the Unit Holders, i.e., on a pro rata basis. In principle, such withholding taxes may be set off by the Unit Holders, whereby the conditions that apply are the same as would be the case for a direct investment (pro rata) by the relevant Unit Holder.

For the reporting period the fund did not receive any (withholding)tax refunds.

2. Principles of Valuation

2.1 Valuation of assets and liabilities

The assets and liabilities of the Fund will be valued in accordance with the following policies and principles:

Securities stated as investments are initially recognized at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequently these securities are stated against fair value. Gains and losses arising from fair value changes are taken to the profit and loss account.

Securities

- listed securities (shares) will be stated against fair value at initial recognition and subsequently stated at fair value. The fair value is determined at the last official traded price ("closing price") of the Business Day preceding the Valuation Day (or, if a stock exchange was not open for business, the previous Business Day).
- warrants are initially valued at fair value. The fair value is determined at the last official traded price and if not available warrants will be valued at a theoretical valuation model such as Black & Scholes.

Other assets and liabilities

- liquidities and deposits which are immediately payable are valued at amortized cost.
- assets and liabilities in a foreign currency will be converted into Euro at the exchange rate on the last Business Day preceding the Valuation Day.
- other assets and liabilities are valued at their nominal value.

Expenses related to the purchase of investments are included in the cost of investments. Sales charges, if any, are deducted from gross proceeds and will be expressed in the capital gain/losses.

2.2. Foreign Currency Translation

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into EUR at the rate of exchange as at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account. Income and expenses in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate as per transaction date.

Rates of exchange used in this final report as at June 30th, 2019 (December 31st, 2018):

	30-06-19	31-12-18	
EUR / DKK	7.46440	7.4663	
EUR / SEK	10.55520	10.1525	
EUR / USD	1.13680	1.1467	

Notes (continued)

2.3 Other Assets and Liablities

Other assets and liabilities are recorded at fair value and then valued at amortised cost.

2.4 Income Recognition Principles

The result is determined by deducting expenses from the proceeds of dividend, interest and other income in the period under review. The realised revaluations of investments are determined by deducting the purchase price from the sale proceeds. The unrealised revaluations of investments are determined by deducting the purchase price or the balance sheet value at the start of the period under review from the balance sheet value at the end of the period under review. Brokerage fees payable on the acquisition of investments, if any, are considered to be part of the investments costs, and as a result, are not taken to the profit and loss account.

2.5 Cash Flow Statement

The cash flow statement is prepared according to the indirect method. The presentation of the cash flow is derived from the investment result. In accordance with RJ 615.310 the cash flow statements consists of cash flows from investing and financing activities.

Cash flows in foreign currencies during the year are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Exchange rate differences are separetely included in the cash flow statement between the net cash flow and the change in cash.

2.6 Subscription and Redemption of Units

2.6.1 Subscription

Currently the Fund is offering the following Unit Classes to Unit Holders:

- AESCAP2.0 Manager: minimum subscription amount is EUR 101,000
- AESCAP2.0 Investors: minimum subscription amount is EUR 500,000
- AESCAP2.0 Investors 10M+: Minimum investment is EUR 10,000,000 or more
- AESCAP2.0 Investors 20M+: Minimum investment is EUR 20,000,000 or more
 AESCAP2.0 Investors 30M+: Minimum investment is EUR 30,000,000 or more

The Fund Manager can accept a lower minimum subscription amount for the Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class. This minimum can be lowered to EUR 101,000.

Existing Unit Holders can make applications for further Units in amounts of € 10,000 or more.

Issue of Units

The Fund may issue new Units of a particular Unit Class on each Transaction Day at the Net Asset Value per Unit in such Unit Class on the preceding Valuation Day. Here a subscription fee of 1% will be applied. This fee is for the benefit of the Fund Manager and may be used to cover expenses like, among potential other expenses, any marketing expenses and/or any placement agent fees following the issue. The Fund Manager is entitled to waive the subscription fee for an individual investor. This will be determined on a case by case basis. A reason which may lead to waiving the subscription fee includes the size of the subscription. Units will be issued for the remaining amount in the Series applicable on the Transaction Day.

Subscription requests (latest 1 business day prior to the Transaction Day)

Applications for the subscription of Units should be submitted to the Administrator latest one Business Day prior to the desired Transaction Day. In order to subscribe, a subscription form must be filled out. The subscription request should indicate the amount for the size of subscription which is requested.

Payment (latest 1 business day prior to the Transaction Day)

Payment is possible only through a bank account in the name of the Unit Holder with a licensed credit institution with a registered office in a member state of the European Union or the European Economic Area. The subscription amount must be received in the account of the Legal Owner ultimately one Business Day prior to the relevant Transaction Day. No interest will be paid over the subscription amount for the period between the payment of the subscription amount and the issuance of Units. The interest which is accrued is for the benefit of the Fund.

If the amount and/or forms are not received within the required timeframe, the subscription will take effect at the first Transaction day. The Fund will make no adjustment or compensation for interest received over this period.

Notes (continued)

2.6.2 Redemption

Unless redemption is suspended, the Fund will accept redemptions of Units on each Transaction Day at the Net Asset Value thereof in the applicable Series on the preceding Valuation Day (the "redemption value"), after deducting an anti-dilution levy of 0.2% of the redemption sum (and if, applicable an early redemption fee). The anti-dilution levy is to cover the transaction and other costs made in connection with the redemption and will be for the benefit of the Fund. This fee will be deducted from the amount to be received by the Unit Holder. A 2% early redemption fee is applicable upon redemptions within 3 years (See paragraph Early redemption of the Prospectus).

Redemption requests

Redemption requests have to be received by the Fund Manager at least twenty (20) Business Days before the desired Transaction Day.

The redemption request should indicate the amount in number of Units, up to four (4) decimals, for which redemption is requested. Partial redemption is only allowed if after redemption the Unit Holder is still holding Units with an aggregate Net Asset Value of at least € 100,000. The Fund Manager will check this upon receiving the redemption request. The Net Asset Value of the Units offered for redemption needs to amount to at least € 50,000.

To request for redemption, Unit Holders must use a special form, which can be downloaded from the Website.

Payment redemption amount

Redemption sums (Net Asset Value per Unit minus redemption fee and, if applicable, early redemption fee) will be paid within ten (10) Business Days of redemption to the bank account of the Unit Holders as mentioned in the register of Unit Holders. Payment on this bank account constitutes a discharge of the Fund towards the respective Unit Holder of the obligation to pay the redemption amount.

3. Financial instrument risk factors

Financial instrument risk management

The Fund and its manager has adequate risk management policies, procedures and systems in order to identify, measure, manage and monitor all risks that are relevant to the investment strategy and to which Aescap 2.0 is or may be exposed. The Manager has highly qualified staff in control functions which operate independently from the investment professionals. The Risk Manager performs an analysis of the governance, adequacy and effectiveness of risk limits, reporting and follow-up procedures on a regular basis. In addition, the Depositary of the Fund independently performs several checks regarding ownership of assets, valuations and cash flows from and to investors.

For the risk management and willingness to take risks disclosures we refer to the management report.

Fair value risk

The fund is not exposed to fair value risk whereas all financial instruments are valued at fair value.

Credit risk

The fund does not invest in any fixed income instruments resulting in no exposure to credit risk.

Find below the risks, the fund is exposed to, which may have direct impact on the valuation of the funds' financial instruments :

Market risk

Markets may rise and fall and the prices of financial instruments and other assets on the financial markets in general, and more specifically the prices of assets of the nature and type the Fund may invest in and hold, can rise and fall. A careful selection and spread of investments does not provide any guarantee of positive results. In the biotech / life sciences market governmental measures related to medicine approvals and pricing as well as technology risks can have a large impact on the value of one single company or the market as a whole.

Currency risk

The Fund does not hedge currency positions. Investments other than in Euros can therefore cause fluctuations, positive as well as negative, in the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

Risks related to the sector the Fund invests in

The sector the Fund is investing in comes with certain specific risks such as:

- Potential weakening of the patent protection environment in one or more jurisdictions;
- Financing risk, given the fact that many biotech companies are loss making and therefore are in need of further financing to develop their products;
- Major technology breakthroughs outside of the Fund's portfolio;
- Legal or regulatory developments influencing the life sciences industry and/or the investments made by the Fund;
- Changes in projections by securities analysts of a company;
- Biotech stock market fluctuations.

Concentration risk

Because of the limitation of investments to approximately 18 different companies, there may be stronger fluctuations in the Net Asset Value of the Fund in case one or more particular investments by the Fund would decrease in value, than it would normally be the case if the investments were more spread. As a result of the strategy of the Fund, the returns of the Fund can deviate significantly from the returns of a world equity index. As a consequence thereof, specific risks arise that are reflected in differences in performance between the Fund and the global equity indices, positively and negatively.

Liquidity risk

If, due to unforeseen circumstances, normal liquidity conditions do not apply, the Fund could face liquidity risk. This could imply that financial instruments cannot be sold or bought under normal market conditions, leading to significant direct and indirect transaction costs. It may also mean that positions cannot be sold at the anticipated price as established and deemed to be the fair value at the date of deciding to liquidate/sell those positions. This may have a negative effect on the Net Asset Value of a Unit.

Especially when the Fund will experience substantial redemption requests the Fund may be exposed to a great extent to this risk.

Notes to the Balance Sheet

				30-06-19	31-12-18
4. Investments					
4.1 Statement of Changes in Securiti Position as at the Start of the Year Purchases Sales Realised gains on investments Unrealised gains/losses on investmen				99,362,502 54,011,623 (36,093,285) 4,393,728 8,617,244	32,049,232 101,971,153 (66,155,361) 19,610,626 11,886,852
Position as at the End of the Year				130,291,812	99,362,502
	Position 31-12-18	Purchases	Sales	Gains/Losses	Position 30-06-19
Equity	99,362,502	54,011,623	(36,093,285)	13,010,972	130,291,812
Totaal	99,362,502	54,011,623	(36,093,285)	13,010,972	130,291,812

4.2 Transaction Costs

Transaction costs for the purchase of investments are capitalized within the historical cost price and for sales the transaction costs are discounted from the sales price. Transaction costs in the period under review amounts to \in 31.337 (halfyear 2018: \in 48,559).

5. Cash at Banks

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with no usage restrictions.

6. Other assets	30-06-19	31-12-18
Formation expenses Additional formation expenses Write off formation expenses	26,210 25,700 (6,574)	21,320 11,644 (6,754)
Bookvalue formation expenses	45,336	26,210
7. Current Liabilities (Due within One Year)	30-06-19	31-12-18
Management Fee payable Incentive Fee payable Administration / Legal owner Fee payable Audit Fee payable Other Expenses payable Liabilities to Unit Holders	132,231 29,479 9,498 6,740 3,173 1,526,000	98,997 - 16,614 8,016 5,689 3,127,011
Total Current Liabilities (Due within One Year)	1,707,121	3,256,327

The Liabilities to Unit Holders for an amount of EUR 1,526,000 comprises subscription amounts paid in advance by Unit Holders, which amounts are invested into Units of the Fund as per July 1st, 2019.

The fair value of the current liabilities is in line with its book value, considering the short-term nature of these liabilities.

Notes to the Balance Sheet

8. Investors' equity			30-06-19	31-12-18
8.1 Issued capital				
Position as at the Start of the reporting period Subscriptions Redemptions			70,048,343 25,384,942 (3,492,320)	32,472,556 76,548,415 (38,972,628)
Position as at the End of reporting period			91,940,965	70,048,343
8.2 Other reserve			30-06-19	31-12-18
Position as at the Start of the reporting period Transferred from Undistributed Result			3,417,690 24,563,450	3,417,690
Position as at the End of the reporting period			27,981,140	3,417,690
8.3 Legal reserve			30-06-19	31-12-18
-				
Position as at the Start of the reporting period Transferred from Undistributed result			26,210 19,126	21,320 4,890
Position as at the End of the reporting period			45,336	26,210
Legal reserve has been formed for the activated forma	tion expenses (See note	6 Intangible Assets).		
8.4 Undistributed result current year			30-06-19	31-12-18
Position as at the Start of the reporting period Transferred to/from General Reserve Transferred to/from Legal Reserve Total Profit for the (extended) bookyear			24,563,450 (24,563,450) (19,126) 11,601,998	3,417,690 (3,417,690) (4,890) 24,568,340
Position as at the End of the reporting period			11,582,872	24,563,450
8.5 Investors' equity (Fund Net Asset Value)	Net Asset Value per unit	number of units	Investors' equity	Investors' equity
			30-06-19	31-12-18
Aescap2.0 Fund management Aescap2.0 Investors Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2017	€ 2,373.9370 € 1,921.5727	9,158.8665 44,522.8185 -	21,742,572 85,553,833 -	19,232,720 62,330,779 -
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-12-2017 Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2018	-			1,120,384
Aescap2.0 Investors 01–12–2018	-	_	_	3,452,850
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-05-2019	€ 1,920.5472	492.5786	946,020	-
Aescap2.0 Investors 15-05-2019	€ 1,914.0441	648.8665	1,241,959	-
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-06-2019	€ 1,912.1262	2,361.5389	4,515,560	-
Aescap2.0 Investors 15-06-2019	€ 1,919.2883	832.3951	1,597,606	
Aescap2.0 Investors 10M+	€ 1,932.8552	8,253.4703	15,952,763	11,918,960
Total Shareholders' Equity (Fund Net Asset Value)			131,550,313	98,055,693

Subsequent events (events after the balance sheet date)
No relevant subsequent events did occur after balance sheet date.

Notes to the Profit & Loss Account

9. Income from Investments

9.1 Dividends

This refers to net cash dividends including withholding tax.

9.2 Interest Income

This amount was received / paid on outstanding cash balances.

9.3 Other Income

This refers to the charges received on units issued and repurchased. These costs are to cover transaction costs in relation with the purchase and sale of units and are booked as an income for the Fund.

10. Capital gains / losses

10.1 Unrealised price gains / losses on investments

This refers to unrealised gains on securities € 25,840,632 (halfyear 2018: € 12,499,686) and unrealised losses on securities - € 17,050,657 (halfyear 2018: - € 4,490,256)

10.2 Realised price gains / losses on investments

This refers to realised gains on securities € 6,525,215 (halfyear 2018 : € 5,388,599) and realised losses on securities - € 2,396,166 (halfyear 2018 : - € 846,218).

10.3 Realised currency gains / losses on investments

This refers to realised gains on securities € 281,915 (halfyear 2018 : € 169,005) and realised losses on securities - € 17,236 (2018 : - € 368.592).

11. Expenses	01-01-19 / 30-06-19	01-01-18 / 30-06-18
11.1 Management Fees (1) Management Fee	714,999	284,515
(2) Performance Fee	688,234	1,413,395
	1,403,233	1,697,910

Management fees

The following annual management fee applies per Unit Class:

AESCAP2.0 Manager: 0% AESCAP2.0 Investors: 1.5% AESCAP2.0 Investors 10M+: 1.35% AESCAP2.0 Investors 20M+: 1.2% AESCAP2.0 Investors 30M+: 1%

The mentioned fees are calculated on a monthly basis of the Net Asset Value on the last day of the preceding month, to be paid monthly in arrears;

The minimum management fee will at all times be at least EUR 75,000 per annum (net of any VAT). In case the management fee falls below this level the Fund will be liquidated.

Performance fees

The following performance fee applies per Unit Class:

AESCAP2.0 Manager: 0% AESCAP2.0 Investors: 20% AESCAP2.0 Investors 10M+: 18% AESCAP2.0 Investors 20M+: 16% AESCAP2.0 Investors 30M+: 15%

A performance fee which will be determined (per the last business day of) each month and is calculated as follows:

(a) the increase in the Net Asset Value per Series (Net Asset Value per Series before performance fee) during the particular month commencing as of the moment of subscription

minus:

(b) the total number of outstanding Units in that Series at the end of the month.

The calculated performance fee will not be due, in case the Net Asset Value per Series on the date on which the calculation is made is lower than the "High Watermark" (the highest Net Asset Value per Series in the preceding existence of the Fund).

Accordingly, performance fees (and reservations made in respect thereof) may differ depending on the moment an investor has invested in the Fund. In order to prevent these inequities, different Series are issued. A specific Series may be converted into other Series if the inequities for performance fee in relation to the historic high watermark calculation have been balanced out. A reservation for the performance fee is made in the monthly calculation of the Net Asset Value of the respective Series.

Notes to the Profit & Loss Account

11.2 Other expenses	01-01-19 / 	01-01-18 / 30-06-18
Administration Fee Audit Fee * Legal Owner Manager Fee Other	35,648 11,277 13,487 17,121	15,211 7,260 6,162 -
	77,533	28,633

^{*} The audit fees fully relate to the audit of the financial statements of the fund. The auditor provides no other services.

Ongoing Cost Figure (OCF)

The OCT is calculated by dividing the total expenses (performance fee excluded) by the Average Net Asset Value. The Average Net Asset Value is based on the number and frequency of NAV Calculation. The Average Net Asset Value (basis for management fees) for the reporting period for Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class (Lead Series) equal to € 75,149,674 and the management fee for this Unit Class during the reporting period equal to € 561,638 resulting in 0.75% (1.50% annually) for manangement fees for Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class (Lead Series). The Total other expenses for the reporting period for Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class (Lead Series) equal to € 53,078 resulting in 0.07% (0.14% annually) for other expenses based on an average Net Asset Value of € 75,066,157. This results in a total OCF figure of 0.82% (1.64% annually) for the reporting period for Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class (Lead Series).

For the reporting period the OCF of the fund is equal to: 0.82% (annually 1.64%).

For the reporting period the OCF (including performance fee) of the fund is equal to: 1.30% (annually 2.60%).

In the prospectus the OCF of the fund is estimated to be 1.61% per annum, assuming an average Net Asset Value of the fund of € 100 million. The OCF figures as disclosed above are valid for the Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class whereas the fund management shares do not have management fees and performance fees included.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR)

The portfolio turnover ratio is calculated as follows: the total sum of purchases plus sales minus subscriptions minus redemptions divided by the average Net Asset Value. The average Net Asset Value of the Fund for the reporting period is calculated as described in the Ongoing Cost Figure paragraph.

PTR of the fund for the (extended) reporting period equals to: 51.87%.

Contractual agreement Depositary

The Fund has entered into a depositary agreement with Darwin Depositary Services B.V.. For the Depositary Services the Depositary charges an annual amount equal to:

- $1.\,\,0.014\% \ of the \ Net \ Asset \ Value \ of the \ Fund for the \ Fund having \ a \ Net \ Asset \ Value \ of \ up \ to \ EUR \ 250 \ million \ and;$
- 2. 0.012% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund for the Fund having a Net Asset Value between EUR 250 million and EUR 350 million and;
- 3. 0.01% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund for the Fund having a Net Asset Value above EUR 350 million.

When exceeding a layer threshold, the calculated amount can never be less than the total amount calculated in the previous layer. The minimum annual fee is EUR 16,500 (excluding VAT), payable quarterly in advance.

Comparison of Real Cost with Cost According to Prospectus Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class (Lead Series) *

	According to prospectus *	Actual costs	Actual %
Management Fee (excl. VAT)	1.500%	561,638	0.747%
Incentive Fee (excl. VAT)	PM	361,067	PM
Legal Owner Manager Fee (incl. VAT)	0.006%	3,933	0.005%
Administrators Fee (excl. VAT)	0.060%	22,568 **	0.030%
Depositary Fee (excl. VAT)	0.014%	8,475 **	0.011%
Audit costs (incl. VAT)	0.015%	7,131 **	0.009%
Miscellaneous costs - incl. write off formation expenses - (incl. VAT)	0.015%	10,969 **	0.015%
	1.610%	975,781	0.818%

^{*} As tabled in the Prospectus, OCF will be around 1.61% on an annual basis at a fund size of € 100 million. This projected OCF number is valid for the Aescap2.0 Investor Unit Class (Lead Series). For the reporting period the actual OCF for the Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class (Lead Series) was more or less in line with this projected percentage.

12. Related party transactions

Related party transactions are transfers of resources, services or obligations between related parties and the Fund, regardless of whether a price has been charged. Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions or is part of key management of the Fund. The following provides details on the related parties of the Fund and transactions with the related parties.

The Fund Manager is considered a related party. Privium Fund Management B.V. is the Fund Manager of the Aescap 2.0 Fund.

Privium Fund Management B.V. was entitled for the following compensation in relation to the reporting period:

Management fee : € 714,999 Performance fee : € 688,234

Subscription / Redemption fees : € 161,604

13. Employees

The Fund has no employees.

Amsterdam, 19 August 2019

Fund Manager

Privium Fund Management B.V.

Other Information

Distribution Policy

The dividends and interest received by the Fund, as well as possible capital gains, will not be distributed but will be re-invested, unless distribution would be deemed appropriate by the Fund Manager in connection with the regulatory status of the Fund Manager.

Fund managers interests in fund

As of June 30, 2019 there are 9,158.8665 Aescap2.0 Manager shares outstanding of which the Portfolio Manager of the Fund (Patrick Krol) has an investment participation in the Fund consisting of 500.6560 Aescap2.0 Manager shares and also an investment participation in the Fund through Inspirational Visions B.V. consisting of 500.31 Aescap2.0 Manager shares.

The Portfolio Manager of the Fund (Patrick Krol) holds following positions through his managegement company (Inspirational Visions B.V.) as per June 30, 2019 respectively December 31, 2018 in investments in the company's in which the Fund has been invested:

Name	Currency	30-06-19 Number of shares	31-12-18 Number of shares
Applied Genetic Technologies	USD	15,000	15,000
Dicerna Pharmaceuticals Inc	USD	2,175	-
ProQR Therapeutics	USD	18,411	18,411
Wave Life Sciences	USD	700	700

Independent Auditor's report

This semi annual report has not been reviewed by the independent auditor.