

ANNUAL REPORT (FINANCIAL STATEMENTS)

AS PER DECEMBER 31, 2018

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General Information

Business Address of the Fund (from December 20, 2018 onwards)

Aescap2.0

Gustav Mahlerplein 3, 26th floor, Financial Offices 1082 MS Amsterdam The Netherlands www.aescap.com E-mail: info@priviumfund.com

Fund Manager (from December 20, 2018 onwards)

Privium Fund Management B.V.Gustav Mahlerplein 3, 26th floor, Financial Offices 1082 MS Amsterdam The Netherlands E-mail: info@priviumfund.com

Legal Owner

Stichting Aescap 2.0

Hoogoorddreef 15 1101 BA AMSTERDAM The Netherlands www.iqeq.com

Administrator

IQ EQ Financial Services B.V. Hoogoorddreef 15 1101 BA AMSTERDAM The Netherlands www.igeq.com

Independent auditor

Mazars Accountants N.V.

Delflandlaan 1 1062 EA Amsterdam The Netherlands

Custodian

Binck Bank N.V.

Barbara Strozzilaan 310 1083 HN AMSTERDAM The Netherlands

Depositary

Darwin Depositary Services B.V.

Barbara Strozzilaan 101 1083 HN Amsterdam E-mail : info@darwindepositary.com

Legal Warendorf

Koningslaan 42 1075 AE Amsterdam The Netherlands

Business Address of the Fund (until December 19, 2018)

Aescap2.0

Science Park 406 1098 XH Amsterdam The Netherlands www.aescap.com

Fund Manager (until December 19, 2018)

Aescap Medical Investments BV

Science Park 406 1098 XH Amsterdam The Netherlands

Financial regulatory Finnius Jollemanhof 20A 1019 GW Amsterdam The Netherlands

Aescap 2.0

Overview (Key figures) Aescap2.0

	31-12-18	31-12-17	
Number of Outstanding Units			
Aescap2.0 Fund management	9,138	7,085	
Aescap2.0 Investors	36,134	19,431	
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2017	_	84	
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-12-2017	-	3,319	
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2018	658	-	
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-12-2018	2,002	-	
Aescap2.0 Investors 10M+	6,877	-	
Net Asset Value per Unit (€)			
Aescap2.0 Fund management	2,104.7655	1,283.4951	
Aescap2.0 Investors	1,725.0062	1,174.4191	
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2017	-	1,174.4190	
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-12-2017	-	1,174.4191	
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2018	1,702.5930	-	
Aescap2.0 Investors 01-12-2018	1,725.0062	-	
Aescap2.0 Investors 10M+	1,733.2246	-	
Total Net Asset Value (x € 1,000)	98,055,693	35,911,566	
Maximum / Minimum Value per Unit (€)			
Maximum Value Aescap2.0 Fund management	2,377.3770	1,412.2765	
Minimum Value Aescap2.0 Fund management	1,389.0892	1,000.0000	
Maximum Value Aescap2.0 Investors	1,955.8161	1,296.4721	
Minimum Value Aescap2.0 Investors	1,266.3753	1,000.0000	
Maximum Value Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2017	_	1,295.5018	
Minimum Value Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2017	-	1,174.4190	
Maximum Value Aescap2.0 Investors 01-12-2017	_	1,180.5184	
Minimum Value Aescap2.0 Investors 01-12-2017	-	1,174.4191	
Maximum Value Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2018	1,916.9234	_	
Minimum Value Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2018	1,702.5930	-	
Maximum Value Aescap2.0 Investors 01-12-2018	1,942.1580	_	
Minimum Value Aescap2.0 Investors 01–12–2018	1,725.0062	-	
Maximum Value Aescap2.0 Investors 10M+	1,964.3904	_	
Minimum Value Aescap2.0 Investors 10M+	1,621.0990	-	
Result per Unit (€) * / ***			
Income from Investments	0.57	3.86	***
Capital Gains/Losses	579.41	169.58	***
Expenses	(131.71)	(58.50)	***
Total Investment Result	448.26	114.94	

Aescap 2.0

Overview (Key figures) Aescap2.0 (continued)

	31-12-18	31-12-17	
Return on investment per Unit (%)			
Investment Result Aescap2.0 Fund management (%)	63.99%	28.35%	***
Investment Result Aescap2.0 Investors (%)	46.88%	17.44%	***
Investment Result Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2017 (%)	-	(9.35%)	
Investment Result Aescap2.0 Investors 01-12-2017 (%)	-	(0.52%)	
Investment Result Aescap2.0 Investors 01-11-2018 (%)	(6.24%)	_	
Investment Result Aescap2.0 Investors 01-12-2018 (%)	(11.18%)		
Ongoing Cost Figure (OCF) – previously Total Expense Ratio (TER) ** / ***			
OCF (Performance Fee excluded (%))	1.61%	3.09%	(annually 1.77%)
OCF (Performance Fee included) (%))	13.21%	9.54%	

^{*)} based on the total number of outstanding Units as per year end.
**) the OCF figures are valid for the Aescap Investors Unit Class (Lead Series), whereas the fund management shares do not have management fee charged.

^{***)} figures are valid for the period equalizing the extended bookyear March 2016 – December 2017 (21 month period).
****) the figure on an annual basis has been calculated by dividing the reporting period figure by 21 and having multiplied this figure by 12.

Profile & Structure

Start of the Fund

Aescap 2.0 ("the Fund") started activities as per March 28, 2016. The Fund has been established for an indefinite period of time.

Legal Form

The Fund is a fund for joint account (in Dutch: een fonds voor gemene rekening). It does not have a legal personality. It is formed by and comprises a contractual arrangement governed by the terms of the Prospectus between the Fund Manager, the Legal Owner and each Unit Holder. Under this arrangement the Fund Manager is mandated to invest the contributions of the Unit Holders of the Fund for their collective risk and account in securities, which are safeguarded by the Legal Owner on behalf of the Unit Holders, in accordance with the Prospectus for the purpose of enabling the Unit Holders to share in the revenue from the investments in securities. The Unit Holders are proportionally matched with the number of Units owned, and they are jointly entitled to the Fund Assets. The contractual agreement between the Fund Manager, the Legal Owner and each of the Unit Holders does not constitute a partnership or limited partnership and does not create any other agreement between the Unit Holders. The obligation of a Unit Holder to pay the subscription price for a Unit is only an obligation towards the Legal Owner. The Units only constitute rights and obligations of the Unit Holders with respect to the Fund Manager and the Legal Owner and not to other Unit Holders.

Limited Transferability

The Fund has a private character, i.e. Units may only be transferred to the Fund upon a redemption. However, Units may be transferred to persons that are next of kin or direct in law of a Unit Holder. Units may not be pledged or otherwise encumbered.

Open End

Except in certain exceptional circumstances, the Fund is obliged to issue or to redeem Units on a Transaction Day at their Net Asset Value, minus the subscription or redemption fee.

Not listed

The Fund is not listed on any stock exchange.

Net Asset Value

The Net Asset Value is calculated at least once a month by the Administrator, as is described in section 13 of the Prospectus ("Determination of Net Asset Value ").

Minimum subscription amount

The minimum amount for participation is \le 500,000, although the Fund Manager at its discretion can make an exception and lower the minimum to \le 101,000 (including the 1% subscription fee). This is for the Aescap 2.0 Investors Unit Class only. At the time of the inception of the Fund, Units with a Net Asset Value of \le 1,000 have been issued as part of the Initial Series.

Request for issue or redemption

Requests for the issue or redemption of Units may be made to the Administrator by means of the forms provided for this purpose on the Website. The Administrator will inform the Fund Manager. The Fund Manager is not obliged to honor a request for an issue or redemption of Units. (See Section 14, "Subscription", and Section 15, "Redemption" of the Prospectus.)

Tax Position of Fund

Due to the limited transferability of the Units of the Fund, the Fund qualifies as a tax transparent fund for joint account for Dutch income tax purposes. Consequently, the Fund is not subject to Dutch (corporate) income tax.

Distribution policy

The dividends and interest received by the Fund, as well as possible capital gains, will not be distributed but will be re-invested, unless distribution would be deemed appropriate by the Fund Manager in connection with the regulatory status of the Fund Manager. Any distribution will take place on a pro rata basis.

Regulatory considerations

License

The Fund Manager is in possession of an AFM license as referred to in article 2:65(a) FSA, and as a consequence (and subject to compliance with the other requirements applicable pursuant to the FSA) may offer the Fund to professional and non-professional investors within the Netherlands.

The AFM license of the Fund Manager has been issued prior to the implementation of the AIFM Directive in the Netherlands, and was automatically converted into an AIFM Directive license by the AFM on 22 July 2014, in accordance with the Netherlands AIFM Directive implementation schedule.

Supervision

The Fund Manager operates under the supervision of the AFM and DNB as foreseen in the applicable provisions of the FSA. For the sake of an adequate functioning of the financial markets and the position of investors, investment funds have to comply with demands with regard to professionalism and reliability of its managers, financial safeguards, (operational) management and the providing of information to Unit Holders, the public and the supervisors.

For "regulatory changes" we refer to page 42, section 21 of the Prospectus.

Investment Proposition

The Market Opportunity

Aescap2.0 ('the Fund') invests in publicly listed biotech / life sciences companies. It invests in highly innovative companies that develop and market new medicines and to a lesser extent diagnostics and/or medical devices.

The life sciences market is a large and fast-growing market where breakthrough innovations can be exploited in a global and profitable manner.

The substantial growth of the life sciences market is driven by:

- 1: A longer life expectancy (especially in the emerging markets) as well as an ageing population which are driving demand for improved and cost-effective medicine, diagnostics and medical devices;
- 2: A high unmet medical need for diseases such as Alzheimer, Arthrosis, Diabetes, MS, Obesity, Oncology, Parkinson and many other such as infectious diseases;
- 3: Approximately 6,000 rare diseases with no treatment available at all today.

The rapidly growing healthcare costs, almost everywhere in the world, are increasing the demand for biotech / life sciences innovations. A good example of such an approach is the concept of precision medicine. The concept of precision medicine is based on the fact that people respond differently to the same treatment. Based on gene profiling and biomarker data a patient can be given the right treatment from the start, instead of following a trial and error approach as still often is the case in the treatment of cancer. And the development of precision medicine has only just started.

The sector the Fund is active in is known for its attractive premiums in case of takeovers. The large cash buffers of the bigger pharma / biotech companies create the potential for many future acquisitions of smaller biotech companies.

The number of publicly listed biotech / life sciences companies the Fund can select from is over 750 in the EU and the US together.

Investment Policy

The Fund aims to gain value by investing in publicly traded shares of (i) biopharmaceutical companies and potentially also (ii) diagnostics and/or medical device companies. It will typically invest in companies with the potential to (more than) double their share price over a period of maximum 4–5 years. Given the particular innovation power in biotech in Western Europe and North America, most investments will be made in these geographical areas. The Fund may also invest in warrants of such companies. These warrants give the right, but not the obligation, to purchase shares of a company against a predetermined share price before a specific date.

Often these warrants are received as part of an equity issue by a company.

The Fund has a focused portfolio, investing in approximately 18 companies. Within this focus it will ensure that the portfolio is diversified over different diseases, development phases and geographical areas.

Investment objective

The Fund's objective is to make an average minimum annual net return (after deduction of costs) of 20%+ over the mid-term (4-5 years).

Investment Discipline

The Fund aims to select those publicly listed biotech / life sciences companies which are undervalued based on their growth potential. The value creation in which it aims to invest is typically based on:

- a significant potential growth in revenues/profit;
- the achievement of clinical study milestones; and/or
- the closing of a partnership or similar deal with a larger biotech / life sciences company in the field, one that most likely already has a sales force active in the disease area the licensing deal is representing.

The companies the Fund will invest in are typically acquisition targets for biopharmaceutical multinationals, which are known for their constant hunger to fill their pipelines.

Investment decisions are based on fundamental company analyses of the company's technology and/or products, product development risks, market entrée barriers, competition, financials and the expected market development as well as ethical behavior of the company. But maybe even more important by making serious efforts to understand the strengths and weaknesses of management and their view on the future of the company and the markets they serve.

The Fund may, if the Fund Manager has a good reason to do so, hold a substantial percentage of the Fund in cash. It can make limited use (no more than 10% of the Net Asset Value) of borrowed money:

- · to bridge temporary liquidity shortages;
- to make use of one or more investment opportunities in anticipation of new subscription orders coming into the Fund from Unit Holders.

Risk control

The portfolio of companies of the Fund is expected to consist of a limited number of approximately 18 companies. It is this 'cherry picking' from a basket of over 600 publicly listed companies in this sector which should drive the outperformance of the different biotech indexes / trackers. In order to reduce the risks of investing in this sector the Fund will diversify its portfolio over several disease areas, different phases of product development as well as geographical areas.

Risk Profile

Investing in biotech companies involves a high degree of risk and prices of the securities of such companies, especially of companies with a small market cap, may be volatile. Furthermore, there is concentration risk because of the biotech focus and a relatively small portfolio of approximately 18 companies. Investments are also often made in a foreign currency like the US dollar and foreign currency exposures are not hedged back to the Euro, the base currency of the Fund. Please find below an overview of all risk factors in relation to (an investment in) the Fund

For investment criteria and investment restrictions as well as the Fund characteristics and investor profile more in detail we refer to section 4 of the Prospectus.

Most important risks and uncertainties

A Unit Holder cannot lose more than the amount he invested in the Fund.

The most important risks, which must be considered that are common with an investment fund of this nature, involved in investing in the Fund

Volatility risk

There are financial risks involved with investing in Units of the Fund. Unit Holders have to realize that the stock market value of underlying investments of the Fund may significantly fluctuate, especially in the biotech / life sciences market where governmental regulations and/or technology risks can have a significant impact on a company's value. As a result of fluctuations of the biotech / life sciences stock markets, the Net Asset Value of the Fund may also fluctuate, which means that it is possible that Unit Holders, when redeeming, may not receive the full amount invested in the Fund.

Market risk

Markets may rise and fall and the prices of financial instruments and other assets on the financial markets in general, and more specifically the prices of assets of the nature and type the Fund may invest in and hold, can rise and fall. A careful selection and spread of investments does not provide any guarantee of positive results. In the biotech / life sciences market governmental measures related to medicine approvals and pricing as well as technology risks can have a large impact on the value of one single company or the market as a whole.

Currency risk

The Fund does not hedge currency positions. Investments other than in Euros can therefore cause fluctuations, positive as well as negative, in the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

Risk that investments do not develop as expected

The Fund aims for an average yearly mid-term minimum net return of 20% per annum, after deduction of all costs. There is however no guarantee that this return will be achieved. Moreover, no guarantee can be given that the analyses of the Fund Manager concerning the expected development of the portfolio of companies are correct.

Limited Operating History

The Fund has been established in the first quarter of 2016 and there is limited operating history to evaluate the future performance of the Fund.

Risks related to the sector the Fund invests in

The sector the Fund is investing in comes with certain specific risks such as:

- Potential weakening of the patent protection environment in one or more jurisdictions;
- Financing risk, given the fact that many biotech companies are loss making and therefore are in need of further financing to develop their products;
- Major technology breakthroughs outside of the Fund's portfolio;
- Legal or regulatory developments influencing the life sciences industry and/or the investments made by the Fund;
- Changes in projections by securities analysts of a company;
- Biotech stock market fluctuations.

Risks of a general economic and political nature

Investments made by the Fund are subject to general economic risks, for instance, reduced economic activity, rising interest rates, inflation and rising prices of commodities. The value of the Fund can also be influenced by political developments, wars and other global trends and events.

Concentration risk

Because of the limitation of investments to approximately 18 different companies, there may be stronger fluctuations in the Net Asset Value of the Fund in case one or more particular investments by the Fund would decrease in value, than it would normally be the case if the investments were more spread. As a result of the strategy of the Fund, the returns of the Fund can deviate significantly from the returns of a world equity index. As a consequence thereof, specific risks arise that are reflected in differences in performance between the Fund and the global equity indices, positively and negatively.

Systemic risk

Certain events in the world or certain activities from one or more important parties in the financial markets can lead to a disturbance in the normal functioning of the financial markets. As a result of this, substantial losses may arise, caused by liquidity and counterparty risks following from such a disturbance.

Inflation risk

There may be a risk that the purchasing power of the amount invested by the Unit Holder in the Fund decreases as a result of inflation.

Risk of limited redemption

Units can only be transferred to the Fund (except for transfers to persons that are next of kin or direct in law of a Unit Holder). The Fund is in principle obliged to purchase Units once a month, on a Transaction Day. Under certain circumstances the Fund Manager is authorized to delay redemption or honor redemption requests only partially (see Section 15 of the Prospectus: "Redemption"). In those cases the Unit Holder is not able to redeem, or redeem only partially, its Units. This may (also) have a negative effect on the price of the Units.

Indemnification risk

The Fund Manager and the Legal Owner are entitled to be indemnified out of the Fund Assets against costs, losses and expenses which they may incur or become liable in connection with the execution of their duties. In addition, the Depositary, the Administrator and other service providers also are entitled to an indemnity under the terms of their respective agreements for the services they provide. These obligations could require substantial indemnification payments out of the Fund Assets, provided however that the Depositary shall not be so indemnified with respect to any matter resulting from its negligent or intentional failure to properly fulfil its obligations in accordance with article 21(12) of the AIFM Directive, and no other person shall be so indemnified with respect to any matter resulting from its attributable breach (toerekenbare tekortkoming in de nakoming).

Counterparty risk

There is a risk that an issuer of securities or a counter party is not able to fulfil its obligations. The Fund Manager will limit this risk by doing business with well-established parties.

Liquidity risk

If, due to unforeseen circumstances, normal liquidity conditions do not apply, the Fund could face liquidity risk. This could imply that financial instruments cannot be sold or bought under normal market conditions, leading to significant direct and indirect transaction costs. It may also mean that positions cannot be sold at the anticipated price as established and deemed to be the fair value at the date of deciding to liquidate/sell those positions. This may have a negative effect on the Net Asset Value of a Unit.

Settlement risk

This is the risk that settlement through a payment system does not take place as expected, because the payment or delivery of the financial instruments by a counter party does not take place, or does not take place on time, or is not as expected.

Risk of change in (fiscal) laws

This is the risk that fiscal legislation changes or that new legislation comes into force that negatively affects the fiscal treatment of Fund or its Unit Holders.

Key man risk

Patrick Krol has been assigned by the Fund Manager as Portfolio Manager of the Fund. Unit Holders are exposed to the risk that Patrick Krol ceases to be involved with the Fund Manager.

Regulatory supervision and compliance risk

The regulatory environment for alternative investment funds, like the Fund, has been changed drastically with the introduction of the AIFM Directive. The regulatory rules keep evolving and changes therein may adversely affect the functioning of the Fund and/or the Fund Manager's ability to pursue the investment policy for the Fund.

Unclear rules and regulations may result in a breach of law, which may result in fines or regulatory enforcements against the Fund Manager by supervisory authorities (like the AFM and DNB). Moreover, the Fund Manager may fail to comply with applicable laws, rules and regulations, internal standards and rules of conduct. This may damage the reputation of the Fund Manager and may have a negative effect on the Net Asset Value

Onerational risk

There is a risk that the internal processes, people and systems of the Fund Manager fail, which may have a negative effect on the business continuity of the Fund Manager and its ability to pursue the investment policy.

Legal Owner

The Legal Owner of the Fund is Stichting Aescap 2.0, having its office at Hoogoorddreef 15, 1101 BA Amsterdam. The Legal Owner is a foundation established under the laws of The Netherlands on 17 August 2011 in Amsterdam, which is registered in the Trade Register at the Chamber of Commerce in Amsterdam under number 65423046. The Legal Owner's statutory purpose is to act solely as Legal Title holder of the Fund and to conduct no other business.

The most important task and power of the Legal Owner is to act as legal owner of the Fund Assets and incur and/or assume the Fund Obligations on behalf and for the account and risk of the Unit Holders.

Fund Manager

The Fund will be managed by Privium Fund Management B.V. as Alternative Investment Fund Manager of the Fund. The Fund Manager is responsible for the entire management of the Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Fund Documents and applicable laws. The Fund Manager is also responsible for maintaining records and furnishing or causing to be furnished all required records or other information of the Fund to the extent such records, reports and other information are not maintained or furnished by the Administrator, the Legal Owner, the Depositary or other service providers.

Privium Fund Management B.V. is a private limited liability company (besloten vennootschap met beperkte aansprakelijkheid) incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands having its official seat (zetel) in Amsterdam, the Netherlands and its principal offices at Symphony Towers 26/F, Gustav Mahlerplein 3, 1082 MS Amsterdam, the Netherlands. The Fund Manager is registered in the Dutch trade register (handelsregister) under file number 34268930.

The Fund Manager performs its services in accordance with the Prospectus. Pursuant to the Prospectus the Fund Manager has the full and exclusive power, discretion and authority to invest and manage the assets of the Fund.

The statutory management board (bestuur) of the Fund Manager consists of Mr C.H.A. Heijman and Mr M. Baak who are the (daily) policy makers of the Fund Manager.

The Fund Manager holds an AIFM license issued by the AFM within the meaning of article 2:65(a) FSA and is subject to conduct of business and prudential supervision by the AFM and DNB respectively.

The most important tasks and powers of the Fund Manager are the following:

- · to determine and execute the investment policy of the Fund;
- to check the administration of the Fund executed by the Administrator;
- to see the Administrator determines the Net Asset Value for the Fund and for each Unit Class and Series correctly and on time;
- to ensure that the Fund complies with the relevant regulations and reporting obligations:
- · to ensure that the Fund complies with the defined risk management framework as further described briefly below;
- generally to observe the interests of the Unit Holders in accordance with the Prospectus.

For details relating to delegation of Fund Manager's duties, resignation and removal of the Fund Manager, liability of the Fund Manager and Indemnification as well as other Funds managed by the Fund Manager we refer to section 6 of the Prospectus.

The Porfolio Manager

The portfolio of the Fund is managed by Mr. Patrick J.H. Krol who is supported by several analysts. Additionally, advisors and industry/medical experts may be used. The advisors and industry/medical experts will not provide any investment advice for which an investment advisory license is needed but may be asked to provide their knowledge on a certain disease, medicine, market segment, etc. The advisors or industry/medical experts will not make any investment decisions either.

Patrick Johan Hendrik Krol (1963), Founder and Portfolio Manager

Patrick Krol is a biotech investment and business development specialist. Patrick joined biotech venture capital fund Aescap 1 as an Investment Partner at its start in 2005 and in 2009 became the fund's Managing Partner. In 2015 he took over the Aescap name to launch Aescap2.0, a fund for joint account investing in public biotech companies based on Patrick's successful track record as a private investor in public biotech. From 1995 to 2005, Patrick guided over 35 public pharma and biotech companies to successfully launch or grow their products. As a Founder and Managing Director at consultancy company Firm United Healthcare from 1997 to 2004, Patrick was responsible for growing the company to become a market leader. During this period, he also co-founded Interactive Healthcare and the Healthcare Management School. In 2004 he sold his share in all three companies to become a biotech investment professional. Since 2004 he has gained experience on board level in the life sciences sector as the chairman of the supervisory boards of i-Optics B.V. and to-BBB technologies B.V. and as a Non-Executive Director of Aquapharm Biodiscovery Ltd, EasyScan Holding BV, Cassini Holding BV, and Shire International Licensing BV (a subsidiary of top-20 biopharma company Shire Plc), and as a supervisory director of F-star GmbH, F-Star Alpha Ltd, F-Star Beta Ltd, F-Star Gamma Ltd, F-Star Delta Ltd and Orphazyme Aps. In 2003, he became a visiting teacher of the business school of the University of Wageningen teaching 'Strategy in the pharmaceutical Industry'. He published several articles on biopharma marketing and communications strategy and has been a speaker and moderator at life sciences seminars and congresses. Patrick studied physical therapy followed by business economics and later in his career concluded an M.B.A. in Executive Management and Consultancy at LMS.

Key Person

Patrick Krol will be the Key Person of the Fund and a Key Person Event means the situation occurring when the Key Person ceases to be actively involved in the business and affairs of the Fund as a Portfolio Manager. The Fund Manager shall without delay give notice to the Investor Advisory Committee and the Unit Holders of the occurrence of a Key Persons Event. In case of a Key Person Event the Investor Advisory Committee, in consultation with the Fund Manager and the Legal Owner, will decide on how to continue with the Fund.

Administrator

IQ EQ Financial Services B.V. established in Amsterdam, The Netherlands, has been appointed as the administrator.

The most important tasks of the Administrator, under responsibility of the Fund Manager, are:

- · conducting the financial and investment administration of the Fund;
- · calculating the Net Asset Value of the Fund and for each Unit Class and Series; and
- · keeping the register of Unit Holders of the Fund.

Depositary

Darwin Depositary Services B.V. established in Amsterdam, The Netherlands, has been appointed as the depositary.

The most important tasks of the Depositary are:

- · safekeeping of financial instruments in which the Fund has invested;
- ensuring that the Fund Manager acts in accordance with the Investment Policy; and
- · monitoring of cash flows in respect of the Fund and ensuring that issue and redemption of Units and determination of the Net Asset Value is performed correctly.

The actual safekeeping of the financial instruments in which the Fund has invested is delegated to the Custodian. The depositary has assigned BinckBank N.V. as Custodian.

Depositary agreement

The Fund Manager and Depositary have concluded an agreement (the 'Depositary Agreement') setting out the duties of the Depositary and what the Fund Manager must do to enable the Depositary to perform those duties duly.

Unit Holders

The Unit Holders are jointly economically entitled (each proportionally, taking into account the Series they form part of, according to the number of Units owned) to the net assets of the Fund. The combined assets of the Unit Holders invested in the Fund are intended for collective investment and for their own account and risk. (See Section 12 of the Prospectus, "Unit Holders").

Contractual arrangement between Unit Holders, Fund Manager and Legal Owner

The Fund being the contractual arrangement between Unit Holders, the Fund Manager and the Legal Owner is governed by the Prospectus.

Management report

General

Hereby we offer you the Annual Report / Financial Statements as per December 31, 2018. This Annual Report / Financial Statements (including independent auditor's report) will be disclosed on the website: www.aescap.com.

Major financial and economic devolopments that did occur during 2018 read as follows:

For the period January 1, 2018 until December 31, 2018 the Net Asset Value per Unit for Investors series increased from EUR 1,174.4191 to EUR 1,725.0062, a return of 46,88%. Lowest value during the year for this series amount to EUR 1,174.4191 wheras the highest value during the year for this series amount to EUR 1,955.8161.

As per year end 2018 the total Net Asset Value of the Fund equals EUR 98.1 million (2017: EUR 35.9 million). Total value of subscriptions during the year amount to 76.5 million (extended bookyear 2016/2017: EUR 33.3 million) and the total value of redemptions during the year amount to EUR 39.0 million (extended bookyear 2016/2017: EUR 0.9 million). The net profit for the 2018 bookyear equals EUR 24.6 million (extended bookyear 2016/2017: EUR 3.4 million). The net investment return for the bookyear 2018 for Investors series was 46.88% whereas the benchmark (Nasdaq Biotechnology Index) generated a negative return of 9% resulting in an outperformance of the fund of approximately 56%. Furtheron in the management report this outperformance will be explained.

Alternative Investment Fund Manager - Privium Fund Management B.V.

As of December 20, 2018 (the effective date) Privium Fund Management B.V. has become the Alternative Investment Fund Manager (AIFM) of the Aescap2.0. Privium Fund Management B.V. took over the Fund Manager responsibility from Aescap Medical Investments B.V.. Privium Fund Management B.V. is authorized and regulated by the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (www.afm.nl) as an Alternative Investment Fund Manager (AIFM). Both Privium Fund Management and the Aescap2.0 are registered in the register of the AFM. The execution of the portfolio management hasn't changed and Patrick Krol continues to be the Portfolio Manager of the Fund assisted by a team of analysts.

The following steps have been taken during the fourth quarter of 2018 to make the Fund Manager change possible:

- The prospectus of the Fund has been changed.
- The amended prospectus and a letter summarizing the changes have been provided to investors.
- A notification regarding the change of Fund Manager has been provided to the Dutch Authority Financial Markets (AFM)
- The Dutch Authority Financial Markets (AFM) gave its consent for the change on December 20, 2018.

Other changes made

As part of becoming regulated, the fund has also appointed a depositary as required by the Alternative Investment Fund Manager Directive (AIFMD). Darwin Depositary Services B.V. has been appointed as the depositary of the fund. The main responsibilities of the depositary include:

1) to monitor the cash flows of the Fund and 2) to verify the compliance of the Fund Manager with the Fund Documents and applicable rules and regulations.

Industry Developments Create High Potential Investment Opportunities

The Industry

Having been part of the life sciences / biotech industry for around 3 decades, it appears to us that we are entering a phase where there will be a large overhaul, especially regarding the replacement of existing medicines. The revolution we are referring to is mainly due to the investments in new treatment approaches since the early 90s. Where in the past medicine would consist of small molecules (pharmaceuticals) that were mostly manufactured via multiple synthetic steps, nowadays many of the new medicine are so called biologicals, which are produced by living cells instead. Another important factor is that the medical field has shifted from the one-pill-fits-all approach to a more personalized patient by patient approach where doctors identify a treatment that is most likely to become successful based on a patient's genetic profile and biomarkers. Since recently, these two new approaches have been successfully combined in gene and RNA therapy, on the basis of which a first handful of medicine have reached the markets over the last few years and many more will do so over the coming decade. Additional proof of the acceleration in medicine development is the record amount of approvals of medicines by the FDA in 2018.

So does this mean that many existing medicines will be replaced? The answer is yes. The transition described above will lead to positive effects such as a better treatment or even a full cure of diseases that today are poorly managed or are even untreatable. Over the years we also expect to see challenges around the many new product arrivals. Where today many medicines are already off patent (their patent has expired) and therefore their price tag is very low, the new medicine that will come to market will have a much higher price tag. However, over the coming 6–8 years that won't have a big impact since there still are many medicines that are going to come off patent for which no replacement is close to the market yet. Moreover, several of the new medicine in development (the gene therapy medicine) only need one administration (dose) or multiple ones but with a very long interval (years) between each other. Therefore, despite a high initial price tag, they will not cause a cost for the many years to come, which may lead to lower cost for patients in the long run.

Nevertheless, in the long term we can see that as a society, or as individuals, we might not always be able to finance the better and safer therapies that will become available.

The Investment Case

Another positive effect caused by the technological advancements in our industry is that they have led to an enormous increase of publicly traded (listed) biotech companies. Over the last 4 years the amount of listed biotech companies grew by 30%. For Aescap2.0 this means we have many more of them to choose from and more chances to find good high-growth companies that are undervalued. The total number of listed biotech companies in Europe and the US now is around 750.

As a result of the growing world population, the increase in average age, and emerging markets demanding their fair share in the consumption of 'Western' medicine, the Institute of Medical Statistics expects an annual compounded average growth of 10.5% in medicine consumption over the coming 5 years.

Therefore, the biotech investment case is likely to get better over the coming years.

Portfolio: Past and Future Performance

The performance of the fund in its third year has been very strong and seems to be one of the strongest across our industry. With a net performance of +47% versus a negative performance of the Nasdaq Biotech Index (NBI) of -9%, we have once more proven stock picking in biotech can really pay off.

All the dividends and interest received by the Fund and the 2018 capital gains will be re-invested and not be distributed to investors.

We have a lot of faith in the portfolio companies and the investment thesis attached to each holding.

Since the start of the fund on March 28, 2016 the fund has delivered a net performance to investors of +73% which is 5.5x the performance of the NBL

So far we have reached our goal to deliver an annual average net performance of +20% and will do our utmost to continue to do so if not better. We are confident we have built a very strong team, yet we still see many opportunities of improvement and we will keep working to get better. Our roughly 20 million euros invested in the fund as a team demonstrate our commitment and strong conviction in the biotech investment case and the future performance of Aescap2.0 in particular.

We hope you are going to be with us for what we think is going to be a highly interesting period in our industry, investing in many of the future medicine success stories.

Control statement

The Board of Privium Fund Management B.V. declares to have an AO/IB (Handbook) that meets the requirements of the "Wet op het financieel toezicht and the 'Besluit gedragstoezicht financiële ondernemingen ('Bgfo")". During 2018 we assessed the various aspects of the Privium operations as outlined in the AO/IB (Handbook). We have not identified any internal control measures that do not meet the requirements of Article 121 of the Bgfo and as such we declare that the operations in the year 2018 functioned effectively as described. During 2018 a number of independent service providers have conducted checks on Privium's operations as part of their ongoing responsibility. No errors have been signalled.

Privium is updating its AO/IC (Handbook) on a regular basis as required by law. The 2018 update was completed in October 2018. During the fourth quarter of 2018 the external audit officer performed its annual due diligence on a number of internal procedures at the Fund Manager These are mostly related to Compliance and Risk Management. The external audit officer has reported his findings to the Fund Manager in a report. No meaningful errors have been signalled.

Remuneration policy

$\label{lem:continuous} \textbf{General principles of remuneration policy Privium Fund Management B.V. ('Privium')}$

Privium Fund Management B.V. has a careful, controlled and sustainable remuneration policy which meets all the requirements included in the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (AIFMD) and the guidelines on sound remuneration policies under the AIFMD (ESMA Guidelines). The remuneration policy is consistent with and contributes to a sound and effective risk management framework and does not encourage risk taking beyond what is acceptable for Privium Fund Management B.V.

The Board of Privium Fund Management B.V. is responsible for establishing the Remuneration policy. The Board of Privium Fund Management B.V. reviews the Remuneration policy at least once a year and the policy may be amended if circumstances warrant that. Remunerations at Privium Fund Management B.V. may consist out of a fixed salary (this may include a payment to cover certain expenses of staff members) and a variable remuneration.

Privium Fund Management B.V. may reclaim all or part of the variable remuneration paid if (i) this payment was made on the basis of incorrect information, (ii) in the event of fraud by the employee, (iii) in the event of serious improper behaviour by the employee or serious negligence in the performance of his tasks, or (iv) in the event of behaviour that has resulted in considerable losses for the fund or Privium Fund Management B.V.

Remuneration policy 2018

This policy is based on the situation as of December 31, 2018. The financial year of the Fund Manager ends on December 31 of any year. For some of the funds the compensation consists of both a management and a performance fee. In 2018 the aggregate costs for staff totalled EUR 3,946,370 –. The table below offers an overview of the remuneration at the level of Privium Fund Management B.V.. Information per fund is not available. The Board of Privium Fund Management is being described as Identified Staff in senior management roles. All other staff members are categorized as identified staff outside senior management roles.

	Identified staff in senior management roles	Identified staff outside senior management roles	Total staff
Number of staff	2	26	28
Total fixed remuneration	€144,470	€ 3,714,487	€ 3,858,957
Total variable remuneration	€15,000	€72,413	€87,413
Total remuneration	€159,470	€3,786,900	€3,946,370

Privium Fund Management B.V. has delegated certain portfolio management duties of some of its funds to outside investment advisers ('delegates'). Remuneration of identified staff of delegates is not included in the table. The delegates are subject to regulatory requirements on remuneration policies and disclosures that are comparable with the requirements applicable to Privium Fund Management B.V. Reference to the remuneration of the delegates is included in the Prospectus and annual report of the funds concerned. Since no delegates have been assigned for the Aescap2.0 this is not applicable to the Aescap2.0.

Variable payments to both identified staff members in senior management roles and identified staff outside senior management depend on the profitability of the company, the performance of the funds, extraordinary commitment to the firm, customer satisfaction, work according best practice ethical standards, and/or other performance/non-performance related criteria. In 2018 no variable payments regarding the Aescap2.0 have been paid to any Identified Staff of Privium Fund Management B.V.. Privium Fund Management B.V., the Fund Manager of the various funds, does not charge any employee remuneration fees to the funds, except for the Supermarkt VastGoed fund.

Employee remuneration is paid out of the management and performance fees (if applicable). In total 28 staff members were involved during (some part of) the year, including consultants and including both part-time and full time staff. None of the staff members have earned more than EUR 1,000,000 or more during the year 2018.

Specific comments regarding Aescap 2.0

As of December 20, 2018 (the effective date) Privium Fund Management B.V. has become the Fund Manager of the Aescap2.0. Privium Fund Management B.V. took over the Fund Manager responsibility from Aescap Medical Investments B.V.. During 2018 Privium Fund Management B.V. didn't received any compensation from the Aescap2.0.

The 2018 remuneration breakdown of the previous Fund Manager, Aescap Medical Investments B.V., is being provided in the table below:

	Identified staff in senior management roles	Identified staff outside senior management roles	Total staff
Number of staff	2	3	5
Total fixed payment	€ 98,800	€ 106,501	€ 205,301
Total variable payment	€0	€ 32,067	€0

Voting policy

In the event the Fund or the Fund Manager on behalf of the Fund shall decide to exercise the voting rights attached to the shares or interests of the companies invested in by the Fund, it will do so by taking into account the investment objective of the Fund and the interests of the investors.

Risk management

Privium Fund Management B.V. has a clear and elaborate Risk Management framework, in line with current legislation, such as the Alternative Investment Fund Manager Directive (AIFMD). The Risk Management function within Privium is performed by an independent Risk Manager. Privium has a Risk Management Committee which meets at least on a monthly basis.

The Risk Management framework consists of several individual components, whereby Risk Monitoring is being performed on an ongoing basis.

Under the AIFM Directive, the Fund Manager is required to establish and maintain a permanent risk management function. This function should have a primary role in shaping the risk policy of each Alternative Investment Fund ("AIF") under management by the Fund Manager, risk monitoring and risk measuring in order to ensure that the risk level complies on an ongoing basis with the AIF's risk profile.

The risk management function performs the following roles:

- Implement effective risk management policies and procedures in order to identify, measure, manage and monitor risks;
- Ensure that the risk profile of an AIF is consistent with the risk limits set for the AIF;
- Monitor compliance with risk limits; and
- Provide regular updates to senior management concerning:
- 1: The consistency of stated profile versus risk limits;
- 2: The adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management process; and
- 3: The current level of risk of each AIF and any actual or foreseeable breaches of risk limits.

As described by the AIFM Directive quantitative risk limits are, where possible, constructed for various risk categories: market risk, liquidity risk, credit risk, counterparty risk and operational risk. These risk limits should be in agreement with the risk profile of the fund.

The risk management function is fully independent from the portfolio management function of the Fund Manager. The risk manager has full authority to close positions or the authorization to instruct the closing of positions on his behalf in case of a risk breach.

To ensure that all risk management tasks are executed correctly and timely, the Fund Manager uses an automated system that registers all risk tasks, keeps a list of all pending risk tasks, and escalates risk tasks that have not been executed or report a violation of a risk rule. The system produces an audit log that can be verified by the internal auditor, the external auditor, the management board, the regulator or other stake holders. Not all risk variables have limits but to identify any new relevant risks, every variable that is reported in the system flows through a sanity check. The sanity check will raise an exception if the variable falls outside its "normal" boundaries. The Risk Manager is notified of these exceptions and will make an assessment whether the situation is stable or whether further escalation is needed.

The positions of the fund are administered and reconciled by using a professional portfolio management system. Risk reports such as Value at Risk and Stress Scenarios are run using Bloomberg.

The Fund Manager uses an API-based system in which positions and/or risk exposures are synced from the Portfolio Manager's Excel (or alternative software) to a central database.

The CM system is responsible for monitoring of the pre-defined risk limits. The limits can either be configured as notification limits, soft limits or hard limits. In case of a breach of any of the limits, the escalation procedures are followed as described in the Risk Management Procedures (Annex 17) of the Privium Handbook.

The reoccurring risk tasks are:

- Weekly risk report by risk management, including Value at Risk.
- Monthly reporting by portfolio management
- Quarterly Operational risk management
- Monthly stress scenarios. On ad hoc basis extra stress scenarios can be done.
- Due Diligence on Service Providers.

On a monthly basis the Risk Committee of the Fund Manager meets to discuss the performances and risks of the Fund. Any breaches are discussed. On a yearly basis a Risk Evaluation and Product Review is conducted.

In 2016 Privium's senior management team decided to engage an external party in the annual evaluation of the internal processes. This audit primarily focusses on risk management and compliance processes. In Q4 2018 this audit was executed for third time and the findings were reported to Privium's management. The audit did not demonstrate any material deviations.

Risk management and willingness to take risks

In the table on next page we list the various risks to which investors in the Fund are exposed and we discuss the measures applied to manage these risks and their potential impact on the Fund's NAV's.

Sorts of risks	Risk hedged	Measures applied and expected effectiveness	Impact on 2018 NAV	Expected impact on 2019 NAV if risk materializes	Adjustments to risk management in 2018 or 2019
Price/Market Risk	No	The fund has been holding cash and long only equity positions. Bottom-up company analysis is a very important item in mitigating risks during the holding period of a position. However share price fluctuations due to general equity market movements during the holding period can't be mitigated or avoided in full by conducting company analysis. This risk is inherent when securities like equities are traded.	The Fund gained +47% in 2018. The Fund outperformed the reference index, the Nasdaq Biotech Index, by a very wide margin in 2018 as stock selection worked well in 2018. The Nasdaq Biotech Index lost 9% in 2018.	Investments are being selected because of its interesting merits (attractive valuation, expected events, etc) but this will also depend on general market circumstances.	No
Sector risk	No	The Biotechnology sector is deemed to be a high risk sector. Bottom-up company analysis is a very important item in mitigating risks during the holding period of a position. However share price fluctuations due to company specific items during the holding period can't be mitigated or avoided in full by conducting company analysis.	The Fund gained +47% in 2018. The Fund outperformed the reference index, the Nasdaq Biotech Index, by a very wide margin in 2018 as stock selection worked well in 2018. The Nasdaq Biotech Index lost 9% in 2018.	Investments are being selected because of its interesting merits (attractive valuation, expected events, etc) but this will also depend on general market circumstances.	No
Interest rate risk	No	The Fund has no interest bearing financial instruments except for cash at bank (including custodian). Therefore the Fund is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.	None	None	No
Foreign Exchange risk	No	FX risk is not being hedged. It is not expected that this will change in the near future either.	Over 50% of the investments are denominated in non-EUR currencies of which the USD has the largest weigh and because of the appreciation of the US Dollar this had a postive impact in 2018.	This will largely depend on FX movements.	No
Liquidity risk	No	Liquidity risk mostly has been mitigated by investing in positions that offer sufficient liquidity	None	We would not expect a negative NAV impact if this risk would materialize.	No
Credit risk	No	Spare cash is maintained at Binckbank and ABN AMRO. Both parties are deemed to be solvent and we would reconsider the relationship if this changes.	None	None	No
Operational risk	No	This risk is mostly mitigated by having rigid operational procedures in place. Next to that duties and responsibilities are clearly divided between Privium employees. The same is applicable at the service providers of the several Privium Funds.	None	None	No
Counterparty Risk	No	This risk is mostly mitigated by selecting and maintaining relationships with top tier counterparties and service providers.	None	None	No
Leverage Risk	No	The Fund is not using leverage (no implied leverage and no actual borrowings). Nevertheless as of December 31, 2018 the leverage calculations according to the Gross method and Commitment method are as follows: Gross meth	None	None	No

2019 Outlook

Share prices of biotech companies are often driven by events such as strong clinical study data, approval of a medicine, licensing transactions and/or M&A activity. Therefore, we keep track of a list of all known future events for the companies in our working universe, which includes our portfolio companies. For our current portfolio, many events are going to take place over the remainder of 2019 resulting in a positive outlook for the Fund.

Amsterdam, 16 April 2019

Privium Fund Management B.V.

Financial Statements

Annual Report as per December 31, 2018

Aescap 2.0

Balance Sheet as per 31 december 2018 (before profit appropriation)

		31-12-18		31-12-17	
	Notes	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Investments Securities	4	99,362,502		32,049,232	
Securices	_	33,302,302	_	32,043,232	
			99,362,502		32,049,232
Receivables and current assets					
Cash at Banks	5	1,923,308		7,205,690	
Other assets	6	26,210		21,320	
	_		1,949,518		7,227,010
Total Long Term and Current Assets			101,312,020		39,276,242
Current Liabilities (Due within One Year)					
Payables to the Fund Manager	7	98,997		34,208	
Payables for administration- and legal ownerfees	7 7	16,614		8,602	
Payables to Unit Holders Other payables	7	3,127,011 13,705		3,300,000 21,866	
Total Current Liabilities	-		3,256,327		3,364,676
Total of Receivables and Other Assets					
Less Current Liabilities			(1,306,809)		3,862,334
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			98,055,693		35,911,566
Investors' equity					
Issued capital	8.1		70,048,343		32,472,556
Other reserve Legal reserve	8.2 8.3		3,417,690 26,210		21,320
Undistributed result current year	8.4		24,563,450		3,417,690
TOTAL INVESTORS' EQUITY			98,055,693		35,911,566

Profit & Loss Account for the period January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2018

	01-01-18		/ 31-12-18	28-03-16 / 3	31-12-17
	Notes	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Direct Income from Investments					
Dividends Interest Income	9.1 9.2	22,992 5,180		113,923 1,669	
	-		28,172		115,592
Indirect Income from investments					
Unrealised Price Gains/Losses on Investments Unrealised Currency Gains/Losses on Investments Realised Price Gains/Losses on Investments Realised Currency Gains/Losses on Investments	10.1 10.2 10.3	10,672,243 1,214,609 19,936,718 (326,092)		(509,996) (1,025,877) 6,914,257 (259,078)	
	-		31,497,478		5,119,306
Other Income					
Exchange Differences on Cash (including FX) Subscription and redemption fees	9.3	258,606 2,881		(45,420) -	
	=		261,487		(45,420)
Total income			31,787,137	-	5,189,478
Expenses					
Management Fee Performance Fee Administration Fee Audit Fee Legal Owner Manager Fee Other Expenses	11.1 11.1 11.2 11.2 11.2 11.2	841,677 6,302,736 40,755 14,520 12,355	(7,212,043)	484,452 1,165,227 35,986 14,562 21,247 17,556	(1,739,030)
Depreciation			(,,=,=,=,=,		(1,1-2,1-2,
Amortization of intangible fixed assets	6	6,754		11,438	
	_		(6,754)		(11,438)
Total expenses			(7,218,797)	-	(1,750,468)
NET PROFIT FOR THE BOOKYEAR			24,568,340	- -	3,439,010
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			24,568,340	- -	3,439,010

Statement of Cash Flows for the period January 1, 2018 – December 31, 2018

	01-01-18	31-12-18	28-03-16 /	31-12-17
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Cash Flow from Investing Activities				
Total Investment Result Realised Price and Currency Results Unrealised Price and Currency Results Amortization of intangible fixed assets Purchase of Investments Sales of Investments Change in Short Term Receivables Change in Current Liabilities	24,568,340 (19,869,232) (11,886,852) (4,890) (101,971,153) 66,155,361 - (108,349)		3,439,010 (6,609,759) 1,535,873 (21,320) (74,540,669) 47,610,743	
		(43,116,775)		(25,221,446)
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities		(43,116,775)		(25,221,446)
Cash Flow from Financing Activities				
Subscriptions Redemptions	76,548,415 (38,972,628)		33,326,952 (854,396)	
Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities		37,575,787		32,472,556
Net Cash Flow		(5,540,988)	•	7,251,110
Exchange Differences on Cash		258,606		(45,420)
Change in Cash at banks		(5,282,382)		7,205,690
Change in Cash at banks				
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Start of the reporting period		7,205,690		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the reporting peri	od	1,923,308		7,205,690
Change in Cash at banks		(5,282,382)		7,205,690

Notes

1. General

The Fund is a mutual Fund ("fonds voor gemene rekening") under the laws of the Netherlands. It does not have legal personality.

The Fund's financial year runs from January 1 up to and including December 31. The financial statements will be made up in accordance with Title 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. The financial statements are reported in Euros and are published within four (4) months after the end of the financial year. The financial statements consists of a report from the Fund Manager together with the annual accounts. The annual accounts consist of the balance sheet, the profit and loss account and the explanation thereof. The explanation will include at least an overview of the evolution of the Fund's value over the financial year and the composition of the investments of the Fund at the end of the financial year concerned. The annual accounts are audited by Mazars N.V. The financial statements shall be made available to the Unit Holders

The Fund started its activities as per March 28, 2016. This annual report includes the period from 1 January 2018 until December 31, 2018, whereas the comparative figures relate to the period March 28, 2016 up to and including December 31, 2017 (the first extended financial bookyear 2016 / 2017).

Tax Position of the Fund

Corporate income tax

The Fund is tax transparent for Dutch corporate tax purposes, as a consequence of which the Fund is not subject to Dutch corporate income tax. From a Dutch tax perspective, the returns on the investments received by the Fund directly influence the tax position of the Unit Holder.

Withholding taxes

Distributions by the Fund are not subject to Dutch dividend withholding tax as a consequence of its transparency for tax purposes. Due to its transparency, the Fund itself is not entitled to any credit or refund of Dutch dividend withholding tax or (non-reclaimable) foreign withholding taxes withheld on dividends and interest received, nor can the Fund claim any benefits under a tax treaty concluded by the Netherlands with other states.

The tax transparency of the Fund also implies that any dividend withholding tax and foreign withholding taxes withheld on its investments are allocated to the Unit Holders, i.e., on a pro rata basis. In principle, such withholding taxes may be set off by the Unit Holders, whereby the conditions that apply are the same as would be the case for a direct investment (pro rata) by the relevant Unit Holder.

For the reporting period the fund did not receive any (withholding)tax refunds.

2. Principles of Valuation

2.1 Valuation of assets and liabilities

The assets and liabilities of the Fund will be valued in accordance with the following policies and principles:

Securities stated as investments are initially recognized at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequently these securities are stated against fair value. Gains and losses arising from fair value changes are taken to the profit and loss account.

Securities

- listed securities (shares) will be stated against fair value at initial recognition and subsequently stated at fair value. The fair value is determined at the last official traded price ("closing price") of the Business Day preceding the Valuation Day (or, if a stock exchange was not open for business, the previous Business Day).
- warrants are initially valued at fair value. The fair value is determined at the last official traded price and if not available warrants will be valued at a theoretical valuation model such as Black & Scholes.

Other assets and liabilities

- liquidities and deposits which are immediately payable are valued at amortized cost.
- assets and liabilities in a foreign currency will be converted into Euro at the exchange rate on the last Business Day preceding the Valuation Day.
- other assets and liabilities are valued at their nominal value.

Expenses related to the purchase of investments are included in the cost of investments. Sales charges, if any, are deducted from gross proceeds and will be expressed in the capital gain/losses.

2.2. Foreign Currency Translation

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into EUR at the rate of exchange as at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account. Income and expenses in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate as per

21 12 17

Rates of exchange used in this final report as at December 31st, 2018 (December 31st, 2017): 21 12 10

	31-12-18	31-12-17
EUR / DKK	7.4663	7.44525
EUR / SEK	10.1525	9.8422
EUR / USD	1.1467	1.1998

Notes (continued)

2.3 Other Assets and Liablities

Other assets and liabilities are recorded at fair value and then valued at amortised cost.

2.4 Income Recognition Principles

The result is determined by deducting expenses from the proceeds of dividend, interest and other income in the period under review. The realised revaluations of investments are determined by deducting the purchase price from the sale proceeds. The unrealised revaluations of investments are determined by deducting the purchase price or the balance sheet value at the start of the period under review from the balance sheet value at the end of the period under review. Brokerage fees payable on the acquisition of investments, if any, are considered to be part of the investments costs, and as a result, are not taken to the profit and loss account.

2.5 Cash Flow Statement

The cash flow statement is prepared according to the indirect method. The presentation of the cash flow is derived from the investment result. In accordance with RJ 615.310 the cash flow statements consists of cash flows from investing and financing activities.

Cash flows in foreign currencies during the year are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Exchange rate differences are separetely included in the cash flow statement between the net cash flow and the change in cash.

2.6 Subscription and Redemption of Units

2.6.1 Subscription

Currently the Fund is offering the following Unit Classes to Unit Holders:

- AESCAP2.0 Manager: minimum subscription amount is EUR 101,000
- AESCAP2.0 Investors: minimum subscription amount is EUR 500,000
- AESCAP2.0 Investors 10M+: Minimum investment is EUR 10,000,000 or more
- AESCAP2.0 Investors 20M+: Minimum investment is EUR 20,000,000 or more
- AESCAP2.0 Investors 30M+: Minimum investment is EUR 30,000,000 or more

The Fund Manager can accept a lower minimum subscription amount for the Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class. This minimum can be lowered to EUR 101,000.

Existing Unit Holders can make applications for further Units in amounts of € 10,000 or more.

Issue of Units

The Fund may issue new Units of a particular Unit Class on each Transaction Day at the Net Asset Value per Unit in such Unit Class on the preceding Valuation Day. Here a subscription fee of 1% will be applied. This fee is for the benefit of the Fund Manager and may be used to cover expenses like, among potential other expenses, any marketing expenses and/or any placement agent fees following the issue. The Fund Manager is entitled to waive the subscription fee for an individual investor. This will be determined on a case by case basis. A reason which may lead to waiving the subscription fee includes the size of the subscription. Units will be issued for the remaining amount in the Series applicable on the Transaction Day.

Subscription requests (latest 1 business day prior to the Transaction Day)

Applications for the subscription of Units should be submitted to the Administrator latest one Business Day prior to the desired Transaction Day. In order to subscribe, a subscription form must be filled out. The subscription request should indicate the amount for the size of subscription which is requested.

Payment (latest 1 business day prior to the Transaction Day)

Payment is possible only through a bank account in the name of the Unit Holder with a licensed credit institution with a registered office in a member state of the European Union or the European Economic Area. The subscription amount must be received in the account of the Legal Owner ultimately one Business Day prior to the relevant Transaction Day. No interest will be paid over the subscription amount for the period between the payment of the subscription amount and the issuance of Units. The interest which is accrued is for the benefit of the Fund. If the amount and/or forms are not received within the required timeframe, the subscription will take effect at the first business day of the following month. The Fund will make no adjustment or compensation for interest received over this period.

Notes (continued)

2.6.2 Redemption

Unless redemption is suspended, the Fund will accept redemptions of Units on each Transaction Day at the Net Asset Value thereof in the applicable Series on the preceding Valuation Day (the "redemption value"), after deducting an anti-dilution levy of 0.2% of the redemption sum (and if, applicable an early redemption fee). The anti-dilution levy is to cover the transaction and other costs made in connection with the redemption and will be for the benefit of the Fund. This fee will be deducted from the amount to be received by the Unit Holder. A 2% early redemption fee is applicable upon redemptions within 3 years (See paragraph Early redemption of the Prospectus).

Redemption requests

Redemption requests have to be received by the Fund Manager at least twenty (20) Business Days before the desired Transaction Day. The redemption request should indicate the amount in number of Units, up to four (4) decimals, for which redemption is requested. Partial redemption is only allowed if after redemption the Unit Holder is still holding Units with an aggregate Net Asset Value of at least € 100,000. The Fund Manager will check this upon receiving the redemption request. The Net Asset Value of the Units offered for redemption needs to amount to at least € 50,000.

To request for redemption, Unit Holders must use a special form, which can be downloaded from the Website.

Payment redemption amount

Redemption sums (Net Asset Value per Unit minus redemption fee and, if applicable, early redemption fee) will be paid within ten (10) Business Days of redemption to the bank account of the Unit Holders as mentioned in the register of Unit Holders. Payment on this bank account constitutes a discharge of the Fund towards the respective Unit Holder of the obligation to pay the redemption amount.

3. Financial instrument risk factors

Financial instrument risk management

The Fund and its manager has adequate risk management policies, procedures and systems in order to identify, measure, manage and monitor all risks that are relevant to the investment strategy and to which Aescap 2.0 is or may be exposed. The Manager has highly qualified staff in control functions which operate independently from the investment professionals. The Risk Manager performs an analysis of the governance, adequacy and effectiveness of risk limits, reporting and follow-up procedures on a regular basis. In addition, the Depositary of the Fund independently performs several checks regarding ownership of assets, valuations and cash flows from and to investors.

For the risk management and willingness to take risks disclosures we refer to the management report.

Fair value of financial instruments

The securities held by the Fund are stated against its fair value, being the last official trading prices (stock prices), with fair value adjustments recognized through profit and loss account. The book value of the other assets and liabilities are in line with its fair value, considering the short-term nature of these positions.

Credit risk

The fund does not invest in any fixed income instruments resulting in no exposure to credit risk.

Find below the risks, the fund is exposed to, which may have direct impact on the valuation of the funds' financial instruments:

Market risk

Markets may rise and fall and the prices of financial instruments and other assets on the financial markets in general, and more specifically the prices of assets of the nature and type the Fund may invest in and hold, can rise and fall. A careful selection and spread of investments does not provide any guarantee of positive results. In the biotech / life sciences market governmental measures related to medicine approvals and pricing as well as technology risks can have a large impact on the value of one single company or the market as a whole.

Currency risk

The Fund does not hedge currency positions. Investments other than in Euros can therefore cause fluctuations, positive as well as negative, in the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

Risks related to the sector the Fund invests in

The sector the Fund is investing in comes with certain specific risks such as:

- Potential weakening of the patent protection environment in one or more jurisdictions;
- Financing risk, given the fact that many biotech companies are loss making and therefore are in need of further financing to develop their products;
- Major technology breakthroughs outside of the Fund's portfolio;
- Legal or regulatory developments influencing the life sciences industry and/or the investments made by the Fund;
- Changes in projections by securities analysts of a company;
- Biotech stock market fluctuations.

Concentration risk

Because of the limitation of investments to approximately 18 different companies, there may be stronger fluctuations in the Net Asset Value of the Fund in case one or more particular investments by the Fund would decrease in value, than it would normally be the case if the investments were more spread. As a result of the strategy of the Fund, the returns of the Fund can deviate significantly from the returns of a world equity index. As a consequence thereof, specific risks arise that are reflected in differences in performance between the Fund and the global equity indices, positively and negatively.

Liquidity risk

If, due to unforeseen circumstances, normal liquidity conditions do not apply, the Fund could face liquidity risk. This could imply that financial instruments cannot be sold or bought under normal market conditions, leading to significant direct and indirect transaction costs. It may also mean that positions cannot be sold at the anticipated price as established and deemed to be the fair value at the date of deciding to liquidate/sell those positions. This may have a negative effect on the Net Asset Value ofa Unit.

Especially when the Fund will experience substantial redemption requests the Fund may be exposed to a great extent to this risk.

Notes to the Balance Sheet

				31-12-18	31-12-17
4. Investments					
4.1 Statement of Changes in Securior Position as at the Start of the Year Purchases Sales Realised gains on investments Unrealised gains/losses on investments				32,049,232 101,971,153 (66,155,361) 19,610,626 11,886,852	74,540,669 (47,610,743) 6,655,179 (1,535,873)
Position as at the End of the Year				99,362,502	32,049,232
	Position 31-12-17	Purchases	Sales	Gains/Losses	Position 31-12-18
Equity (including warrants) Warrants	31,957,132 92,100	101,971,153 -	(66,155,361) -	31,589,578 (92,100)	99,362,502
Totaal	32,049,232	101,971,153	(66,155,361)	31,497,478	99,362,502

Kiadis Pharma issued in 2017 5 year maturity warrants as per June 15, 2022 with exercise price of EUR 7.307. The Fund was entitled for 150,000 warrants in this issue. As per end of September 2018 these warrants were exercised resulting in a purchase of ordinary shares Kiadis Pharma at exercise price.

4.2 Transaction Costs

Transaction costs for the purchase of investments are capitalized within the historical cost price and for sales the transaction costs are discounted from the sales price. Transaction costs in the period under review amounts to € 72,322 (extended bookyear 2016/2017 : € 36,311). **5. Cash at Banks**

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with no usage restrictions.

6. Other assets	31-12-18	31-12-17
Formation expenses Additional formation expenses Write off formation expenses	21,320 11,644 (6,754)	32,758 - (11,438)
Bookvalue formation expenses	26,210	21,320
7. Current Liabilities (Due within One Year)	31-12-18	31-12-17
Management Fee payable Administration / Legal owner Fee payable Audit Fee payable Other Expenses payable Liabilities to Unit Holders	98,997 16,614 8,016 5,689 3,127,011	34,208 8,602 7,260 14,606 3,300,000
Total Current Liabilities (Due within One Year)	3,256,327	3,364,676

The Liabilities to Unit Holders for an amount of EUR 3,127,011 comprises subscription amounts paid in advance by Unit Holders, which amounts are invested into Units of the Fund as per January 1st, 2019.

The fair value of the current liabilities is in line with its book value, considering the short-term nature of these liabilities.

Notes to the Balance Sheet

8. Investors' equity			31-12-18	31-12-17
8.1 Issued capital				
Position as at the Start of the reporting period Subscriptions Redemptions			32,472,556 76,548,415 (38,972,628)	- 33,326,952 (854,396)
Position as at the End of reporting period			70,048,343	32,472,556
8.2 Other reserve			31-12-18	31-12-17
Position as at the Start of the reporting period Transferred from Undistributed Result			- 3,417,690	
Position as at the End of the reporting period			3,417,690	
8.3 Legal reserve			31-12-18	31-12-17
Position as at the Start of the reporting period Transferred from Undistributed result			21,320 4,890	21,320
Position as at the End of the reporting period			26,210	21,320
Legal reserve has been formed for the activated for	nation expenses (See note	7 Intangible Assets).		
8.4 Undistributed result current year	• •	,	31-12-18	31-12-17
Position as at the Start of the reporting period Transferred to/from General Reserve Transferred to/from Legal Reserve Total Profit for the (extended) bookyear Position as at the End of the reporting period			3,417,690 (3,417,690) (4,890) 24,568,340 	(21,320) 3,439,010 3,417,690
8.5 Investors' equity (Fund Net Asset Value)	Net Asset Value per unit	number of units	Investors' equity	Investors' equity
נו מוזמ אכנ אסטכנ צמומכן	value per unit	units	31-12-18	31-12-17
Aescap2.0 Fund management Aescap2.0 Investors Aescap2.0 Investors 01–11–2017 Aescap2.0 Investors 01–12–2017 Aescap2.0 Investors 01–11–2018 Aescap2.0 Investors 01–12–2018	€ 2,104.7655 € 1,725.0062 € 1,702.5930 € 1,725.0062	9,137.7023 36,133.6551 658.0455 2,001.6451	19,232,720 62,330,779 - - 1,120,384 3,452,850	9,094,008 22,820,447 98,658 3,898,453
Aescap2.0 Investors 10M+	€ 1,733.2246	6,876.7543	11,918,960	-
Total Shareholders' Equity (Fund Net Asset Value)			98,055,693	35,911,566

Subsequent events (events after the balance sheet date)

As of February 1, 2019 the Net Asset Value of the Fund will be calculated twice a month by the Administrator and determined by the Fund Manager. This will take place on the 1st and the 15th of each calendar month or, if such day is not a Business Day, the following Business Day. This will also mean that subscriptions and redemptions are possible twice a month. Before February 1, 2019 the Net Asset Value was only calculated once a month.

As a result the management fee is calculated on a bi-monthly basis based on the Net Asset Value of the Fund, to be paid monthly in arrears.

Additionally a performance fee, if any since a High Watermark is applicable, which will be calculated twice a month and paid on a monthly basis as well.

Result appropriation

The balance sheet in this annual report (financial statements) has been drawn up before profit appropriation. The result for the reporting period will be added to the Other Reserve.

Notes to the Profit & Loss Account

9. Income from Investments

9.1 Dividends

This refers to net cash dividends including withholding tax.

9.2 Interest Income

This amount was received / paid on outstanding cash balances.

9.3 Other Income

This refers to the charges received on units issued and repurchased. These costs are to cover transaction costs in relation with the purchase and sale of units and are booked as an income for the Fund.

10. Capital gains / losses

10.1 Unrealised price gains / losses on investments

This refers to unrealised gains on securities € 21,119,783 (2016/2017 : € 4,639,967) and unrealised losses on securities - € 10,447,540 (2016/2017 : - € 5,149,963)

10.2 Realised price gains / losses on investments

This refers to realised gains on securities € 24,250,491 (2016/2017 : € 9,372,514) and realised losses on securities - € 4,313,773 (2016/2017 : - € 2,458,257).

10.3 Realised currency gains / losses on investments

This refers to realised gains on securities € 307,998 (2016/2017 : € 234,334), realised losses on securities - € 634,090 (2016/2017 : - € 493,412).

11. Expenses	01-01-18 / 31-12-18	28-03-16 / 31-12-17
11.1 Management Fees (1) Management Fee	841,677	484,452
(2) Performance Fee	6,302,736	1,165,227
	7,144,413	1,649,679

Management fees

The following annual management fee applies per Unit Class:

AESCAP2.0 Manager: 0%
AESCAP2.0 Investors: 1.5%
AESCAP2.0 Investors 10M+: 1.35%
AESCAP2.0 Investors 20M+: 1.2%
AESCAP2.0 Investors 30M+: 1%

The mentioned fees are calculated on a monthly basis of the Net Asset Value on the last day of the preceding month, to be paid monthly in arrears;

The minimum management fee will at all times be at least EUR 75,000 per annum (net of any VAT). In case the management fee falls below this level the Fund will be liquidated.

Performance fees

The following performance fee applies per Unit Class:

AESCAP2.0 Manager: 0% AESCAP2.0 Investors: 20% AESCAP2.0 Investors 10M+: 18% AESCAP2.0 Investors 20M+: 16% AESCAP2.0 Investors 30M+: 15%

A performance fee which will be determined (per the last business day of) each month and is calculated as follows:

(a) the increase in the Net Asset Value per Series (Net Asset Value per Series before performance fee) during the particular month commencing as of the moment of subscription

minus.

(b) the total number of outstanding Units in that Series at the end of the month.

The calculated performance fee will not be due, in case the Net Asset Value per Series on the date on which the calculation is made is lower than the "High Watermark" (the highest Net Asset Value per Series in the preceding existence of the Fund).

Accordingly, performance fees (and reservations made in respect thereof) may differ depending on the moment an investor has invested in the Fund. In order to prevent these inequities, different Series are issued. A specific Series may be converted into other Series if the inequities for performance fee in relation to the historic high watermark calculation have been balanced out. A reservation for the performance fee is made in the monthly calculation of the Net Asset Value of the respective Series.

Notes to the Profit & Loss Account

11.2 Other expenses	01-01-18 / 31-12-18	28-03-16 / 31-12-17
Administration Fee	40,755	35,986
Audit Fee *	14,520	14,562
Legal Owner Manager Fee	12,356	21,247
Other	-	17,556
	67,631	89,351

^{*} The audit fees fully relate to the audit of the financial statements of the fund. The auditor provides no other services.

Ongoing Cost Figure (OCF)

The OCF is calculated by dividing the total expenses (performance fee excluded) by the Average Net Asset Value. The Average Net Asset Value is based on the number and frequency of NAV Calculation. The Average Net Asset Value (basis for management fees) for the reporting period for Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class (Lead Series) equal to € 47,694,519 and the management fee for this Unit Class during the reporting period equal to € 717,151 resulting in 1.50% for management fees for Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class (Lead Series). The Total other expenses for the reporting period for Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class (Lead Series) equal to € 48,763 resulting in 0.11% for other expenses based on an average Net Asset Value of € 45,300,448. This results in a total OCF figure of 1.61% for the reporting period for Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class (Lead Series).

For the reporting period the OCF of the fund is equal to: 1.61% (2016/2017 3.09% - annually 1.77% -).

For the reporting period the OCF (including performance fee) of the fund is equal to: 13.21% (2016/2017 9.54% – annually 5.45% –) It should be noted that the OCF definition does not include performance fees.

In the prospectus the OCF of the fund is estimated to be 1.61% per annum, assuming an average Net Asset Value of the fund of \in 100 million. The OCF figures as disclosed above are valid for the Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class whereas the fund management shares do not have management fees and performance fees included.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR)

The portfolio turnover ratio is calculated as follows: the total sum of purchases plus sales minus subscriptions minus redemptions divided by the average Net Asset Value. The average Net Asset Value of the Fund for the reporting period is calculated as described in the Ongoing Cost Figure paragraph.

PTR of the fund for the (extended) reporting period equals to: 76.29% (2016/2017: 362.71% - annually 207.26% -).

Note: in this paragraph the extended reporting period 2016/2017 relates to a 21 months period. For presentation purposes, please find in parentheses figures on an annual basis which are calculated by dividing the reporting period figures by 21 and having multiplied these figures by 12.

Contractual agreement Depositary

The Fund has entered into a depositary agreement with Darwin Depositary Services B.V.. For the Depositary Services the Depositary charges an annual amount equal to:

- 1. 0.014% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund for the Fund having a Net Asset Value of up to EUR 250 million and;
- 2. 0.012% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund for the Fund having a Net Asset Value between EUR 250 million and EUR 350 million and;
- 3. 0.01% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund for the Fund having a Net Asset Value above EUR 350 million.

When exceeding a layer threshold, the calculated amount can never be less than the total amount calculated in the previous layer. The minimum annual fee is EUR 16,500 (excluding VAT), payable quarterly in advance.

Comparison of Real Cost with Cost According to Prospectus Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class (Lead Series) *

	According to prospectus *	Actual costs	Actual %
Management Fee (excl. VAT)	1.500%	717,151	1.504%
Incentive Fee (excl. VAT)	PM	5,531,688	PM
Legal Owner Manager Fee (incl. VAT)	0.006%	8,048	0.018%
Administrators Fee (excl. VAT)	0.060%	26,870 **	0.059%
Depositary Fee (excl. VAT)	0.014%	- **	-
Audit costs (incl. VAT)	0.015%	9,451 **	0.021%
Miscellaneous costs - incl. write off formation expenses - (incl. VAT)	0.015%	4,394 **	0.010%
	1.610%	6,297,602	1.611%

^{*} As tabled in the Prospectus, OCF will be around 1.61% on an annual basis at a fund size of € 100 million. This projected OCF number is valid for the Aescap2.0 Investor Unit Class (Lead Series). For the reporting period the actual OCF for the Aescap2.0 Investors Unit Class (Lead Series) was more or less in line with this projected percentage. However during the bookyear costs for depositary did not occur (these will occur in the next bookyear) while these are already projected in the Prospectus.

12. Related party transactions

Related party transactions are transfers of resources, services or obligations between related parties and the Fund, regardless of whether a price has been charged. Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions or is part of key management of the Fund. The following provides details on the related parties of the Fund and transactions with the related parties.

The Fund Manager is considered a related party. As of December 20, 2018 (the effective date). Privium Fund Management B.V. has become the Fund Manager of the Aescap 2.0. Privium Fund Management B.V. took over the Fund Manager responsibility from Aescap Medical Investments B.V.. During 2018 Privium Fund Management B.V. didn't received any compensation (management fee and/or performance fee) from the Aescap 2.0.

The previous Fund Manager, Aescap Medical Investments B.V., was entitled for the following compensation in relation to 2018:

Management fee : € 841,677 Performance fee : € 6,302,736

Subscription / Redemption fees : € 255,114

13. Employees

The Fund has no employees.

Amsterdam, 16 April 2019

Fund Manager

Privium Fund Management B.V.

Other Information

Distribution Policy

The dividends and interest received by the Fund, as well as possible capital gains, will not be distributed but will be re-invested, unless distribution would be deemed appropriate by the Fund Manager in connection with the regulatory status of the Fund Manager.

The balance sheet in the annual account has been drawn up before profit appropriation.

Fund managers interests in fund

The Portfolio Manager of the Fund (Patrick Krol) has an investment participation in the Fund consisting of 500.6560 Aescap2.0 Fund management shares and also an investment participation in the Fund through Inspirational Visions B.V. consisting of 500.31 Aescap2.0 Fund management shares. Fund advisor Fred Oudshoorn has an investment participation in the Fund consisting of 2,396.3103 Aescap2.0 Fund management shares through Jonghoud International B.V., fund advisor Bo Jesper Hanssen has an investment participation in the Fund consisting of 2,445.2612 Aescap2.0 Fund management shares through Julius Baer and fund advisor Gert Hoogland has an investment participation in the Fund consisting of 868.4060 Aescap2.0 Fund management shares through WoLa Holding AG.

The Portfolio Manager of the Fund (Patrick Krol) holds following positions through his managegement company (Inspirational Visions B.V.) as per December 31, 2018 respectively December 31, 2017 in investments in company's in which the Fund has been invested:

Name	Currency	31–12–18 Number of shares	31–12–17 Number of shares
Applied Genetic Technologies	USD	15,000	-
ContraVir Pharmaceutical	USD	-	7,300
ProQR Therapeutics	USD	18,411	16,078
Redhill Biopharma Ltd	USD	-	16,999
Wave Life Sciences	USD	700	-
Zai Lab LTD - ADR	USD	6,340	-

Independent Auditor's report

Find enclosed the Independent Auditor's report on next page.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: the Unit Holders and the Manager of Aescap 2.0

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2018 INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

OUR OPINION

We have audited the financial statements for the extended financial period ending 31 December 2018 of Aescap 2.0, based in Amsterdam.

In our opinion the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Aescap 2.0 as at 31 December 2018, and of its result for 2018 in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

The financial statements comprise:

- 1. the balance sheet as at 31 December 2018
- 2. the profit and loss account for 2018; and
- 3. the notes comprising a summary of the accounting policies and other explanatory information.

BASIS FOR OUR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Dutch law, including the Dutch Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report.

We are independent of Aescap 2.0 in accordance with the Wet toezicht accountantsorganisaties (Wta, Audit firms supervision act), the Verordening inzake de onafhankelijkheid van accountants bij assurance-opdrachten (ViO, Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, a regulation with respect to independence) and other relevant independence regulations in the Netherlands. Furthermore we have complied with the Verordening gedrags- en beroepsregels accountants (VGBA, Dutch Code of Ethics).

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

REPORT ON THE OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

In addition to the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, the annual report contains other information that consists of:

- the general information, profile, overview (key figures) Aescap 2.0, profile & structure and management report;
- · other information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code; and
- · Annex: Investment portfolio as per 31 December 2018.

Based on the following procedures performed, we conclude that the other information:

- · is consistent with the financial statements and does not contain material misstatements;
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ contains the information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

We have read the other information. Based on our knowledge and understanding obtained through our audit of the financial statements or otherwise, we have considered whether the other information contains material misstatements.

By performing these procedures, we comply with the requirements of Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Dutch Standard 720. The scope of the procedures performed is substantially less than the scope of those performed in our audit of the financial statements.

Management is responsible for the preparation of the management report in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and other information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

DESCRIPTION OF RESPONSIBILITIES REGARDING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGER FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. Furthermore, the manager is responsible for such internal control as he determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

As part of the preparation of the financial statements, the manager is responsible for assessing the investment fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Based on the financial reporting framework mentioned, the manager should prepare the financial statements using the going concern basis of accounting unless the manager either intends to liquidate the investment fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The manager should disclose events and circumstances that may cast significant doubt on the investment fund's ability to continue as a going concern in the financial statements.

OUR RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objective is to plan and perform the audit assignment in a manner that allows us to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence for our opinion.

Our audit has been performed with a high, but not absolute, level of assurance, which means we may not detect all material errors and fraud during our audit.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. The materiality affects the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and the evaluation of the effect of identified misstatements on our opinion.

We have exercised professional judgement and have maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit, in accordance with Dutch Standards on Auditing, ethical requirements and independence requirements. Our audit included e.g.:

- identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designing and performing audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control:
- obtaining an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the investment fund's internal control;
- evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the manager;
- concluding on the appropriateness of the manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting, and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the investment fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause an investment fund to cease to continue as a going concern;
- evaluating the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures; and
- · evaluating whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant findings in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Amsterdam, 16 April 2019

MAZARS ACCOUNTANTS N.V.

Original was signed by drs. P.A.B. Schutjens RA

Aescap 2.0

Annex: Investment Portfolio as per December 31, 2018

Name	Currency	Holding	Market value (EUR)	Percentage
Zealand Pharma	DKK	742,152	€ 8,190,580	8.35%
Argenx SE	EUR	117,426	€ 10,004,695	10.20%
Evotec AG	EUR	522,340	€ 9,070,434	9.25%
Galapagos NV	EUR	167,874	€ 13,523,929	13.79%
Inventiva SA	EUR	302,799	€ 1,701,730	1.74%
Kiadis Pharma	EUR	92,901	€ 708,835	0.72%
MorphoSys AG	EUR	91,888	€ 8,173,438	8.34%
LIDDS AB	SEK	596,230	€ 889,720	0.91%
Applied Genetic Technologies	USD	583,745	€ 1,267,572	1.29%
Argenx SE – ADR	USD	25,716	€ 2,154,475	2.20%
Beigene LTD – ADR	USD	13,000	€ 1,590,111	1.62%
Celgene Corp	USD	49,000	€ 2,738,650	2.79%
Cocrystal Pharma	USD	254,318	€ 798,417	0.81%
Cytomx Therapeutics	USD	275,241	€ 3,605,232	3.68%
Gilead Sciences	USD	12,000	€ 654,574	0.67%
Intra-Cellular Therapies	USD	10,600	€ 105,288	0.11%
Merus NV	USD	100,856	€ 1,231,346	1.26%
Nightstar Therapeutics	USD	138,418	€ 1,390,578	1.42%
ProQR Therapeutics	USD	1,439,815	€ 19,813,622	20.21%
Sangamo Therapeutics	USD	405,000	€ 4,054,591	4.13%
Strongbridge Biopharma	USD	1,004,192	€ 3,923,241	4.00%
Wave Life Sciences	USD	64,100	€ 2,350,016	2.40%
Zai Lab LTD – ADR	USD	70,196	€ 1,421,428	1.45%
TOTAL INVESTMENTS			€ 99,362,502	101.33%
CASH AT BANKS, RECEIVABLES AND CURRENT	Γ LIABILITIES		€ 1,306,809-	(1.33%)
TOTAL NET ASSET VALUE			€ 98,055,693	100.00%

Currency exposure investments

DKK	8.24%
EUR	43.46%
SEK	0.90%
USD	47.40%
	100.00%